

2nd

EU-JAPAN DIGITAL WEEK 2026



23 March - 30 March 2026



Tokyo, Japan

The EU-Japan Digital Week is organised as part of the EU-Japan Digital Partnership



Smart Sensors for Sustainable Agriculture, Food & Environmental applications

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PI, VistaMilk SFI Centre

Global Leadership in Deep-Tech Semiconductor R&I

Deep tech, atoms-to-systems research in micro & nano-technology, photonics, quantum engineering and materials involving chemists, physicists, engineers and manufacturing

Information & Communications

Micro & Macro Energy

Health & Life Sciences

Agri-tech & Food Security

>650

researcher,
engineer &
support staff

€60m+

total annual
income

>150

MSc & PhD
student

100

industry
researchers-in-
residence

80%

from
competitive
funding

€500m

Infrastructure
investment

Ireland's Semiconductor Infrastructure



18,000m² of buildings
incl. 1,200m² of cleanrooms

New research building opening in 2028

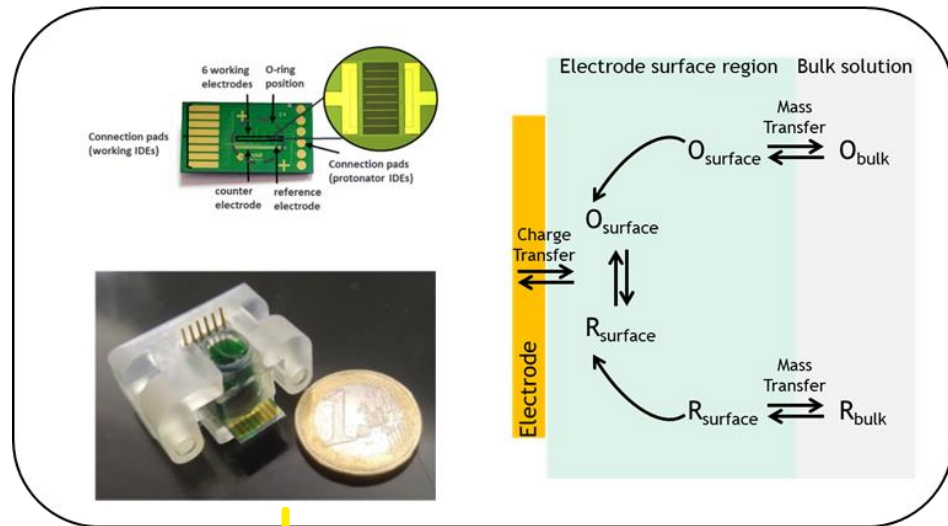
Current site as viewed from the new facility



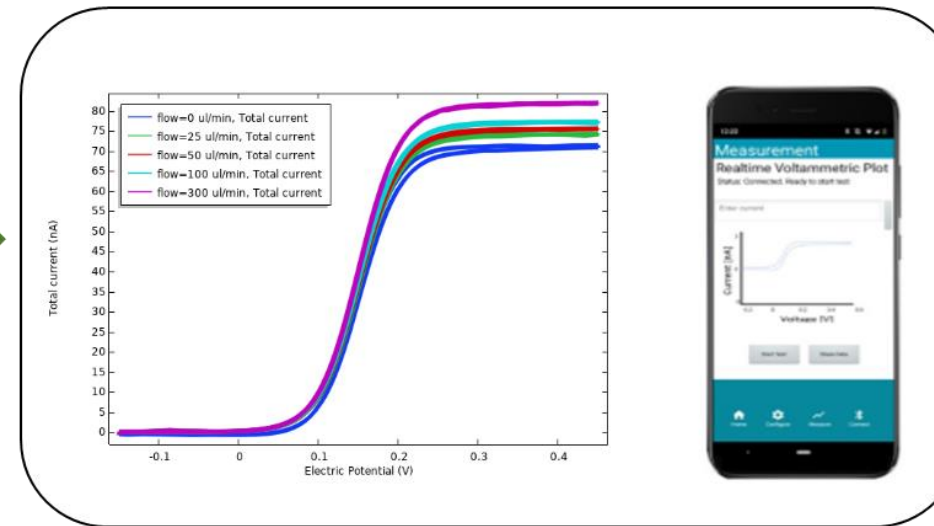
New €100M government investment to expand (17,000m²) research infrastructure, industry suites and dedicated Spin-out & New Ventures facilities

Controlling electrode – molecular interactions

Chemical Interactions



Digital Output



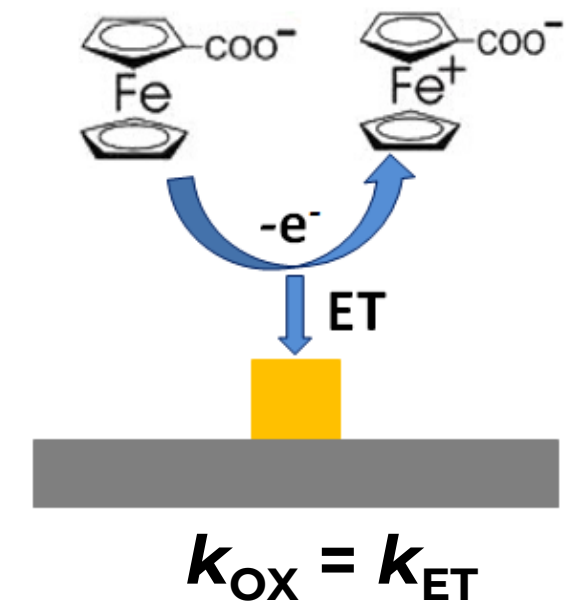
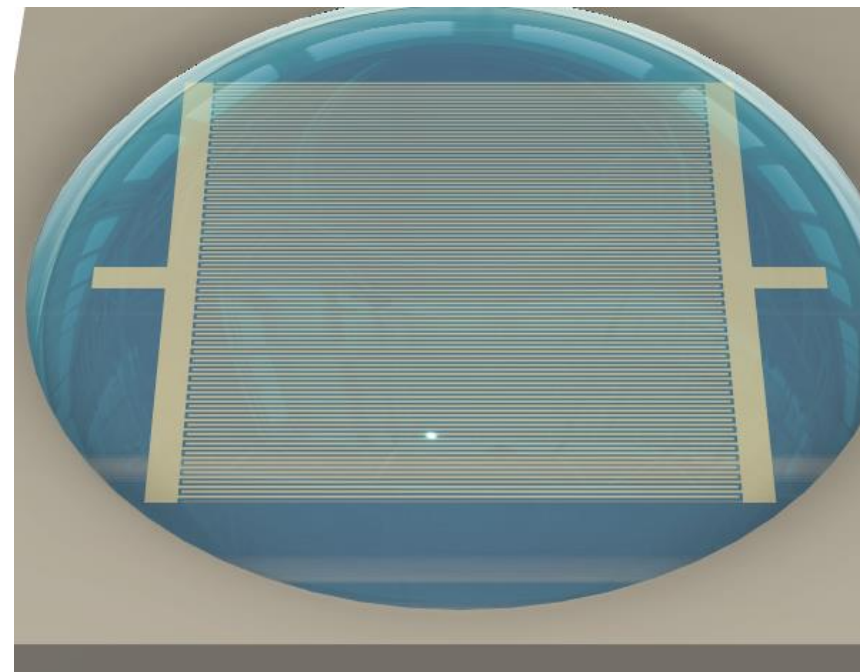
Advantages

- ✓ Cost-effective
- ✓ Reasonable sensitivity
- ✓ Rapid time to results (secs to mins)
- ✓ Digital output
- ✓ Can be fabricated at high density

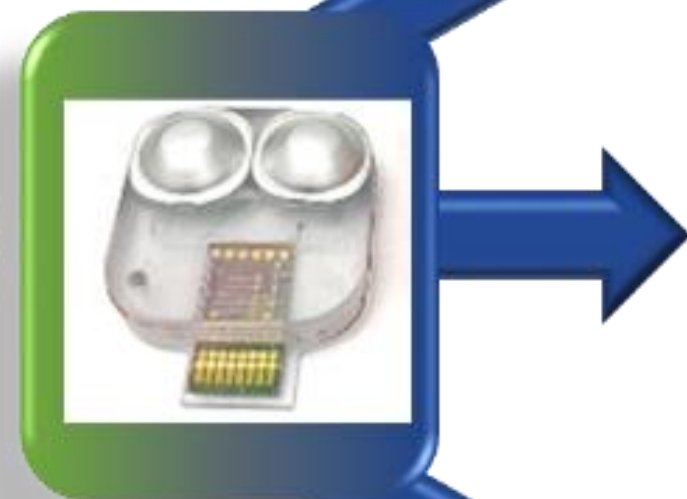
Why aren't electrochemical sensors used everywhere?

Challenges = Opportunities

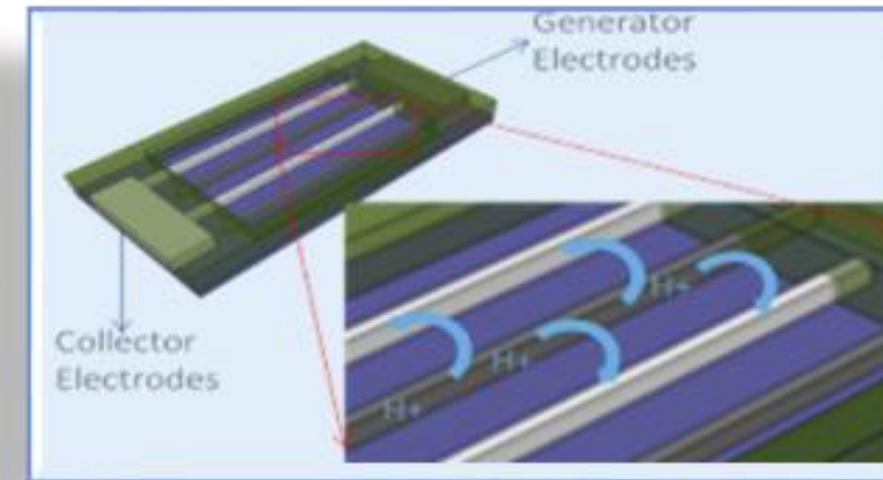
- Reference electrode drift
- Requirement for electrolyte
- Sample preparation (e.g., pH)
- Interferant ions
- Lack of Specificity
- Individual Sensor Calibration



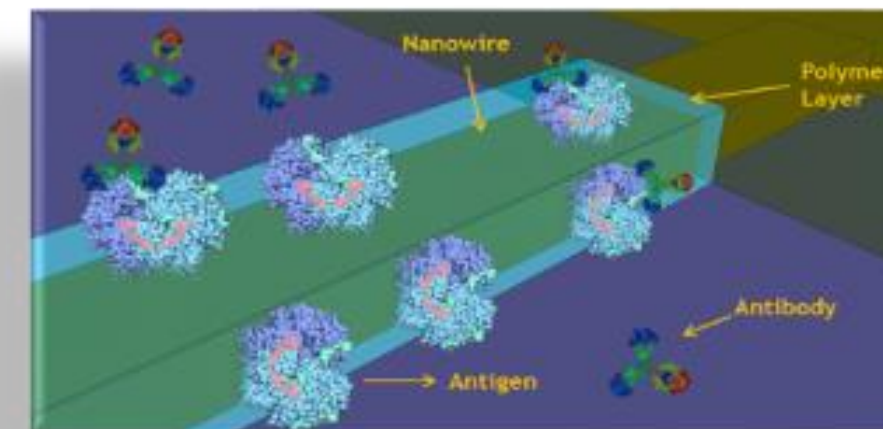
Four Electrode Configuration Platform



Electrochemistry



Bio-electrochemistry

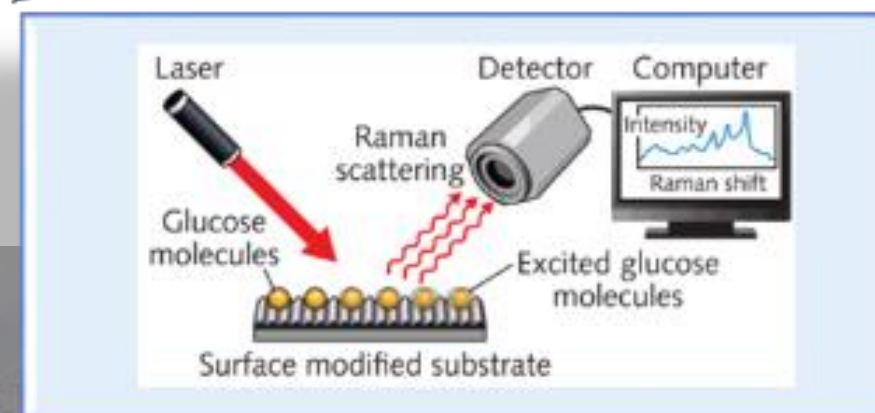


- Generator - Collector
- pH Control
- Materials Chemistry
- CECs
- System Integration

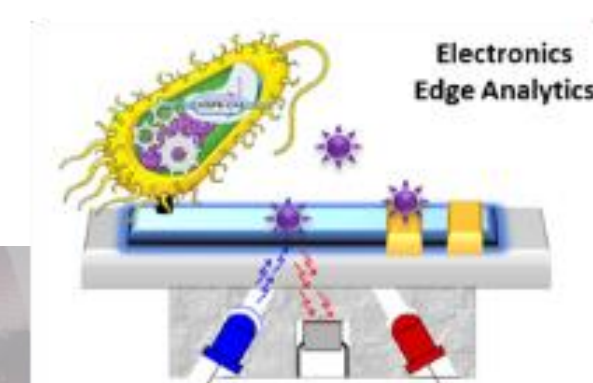
- Parasites
- Viruses
- Proteins
- Enzymatic substrates
- DNA

Detection Platforms under Development

Surface-Enhanced Raman Scattering



Cell-Based Biosensors



- Food safety
- Flavourings, sweeteners
- Antibiotics/residues
- Pesticides
- CECs

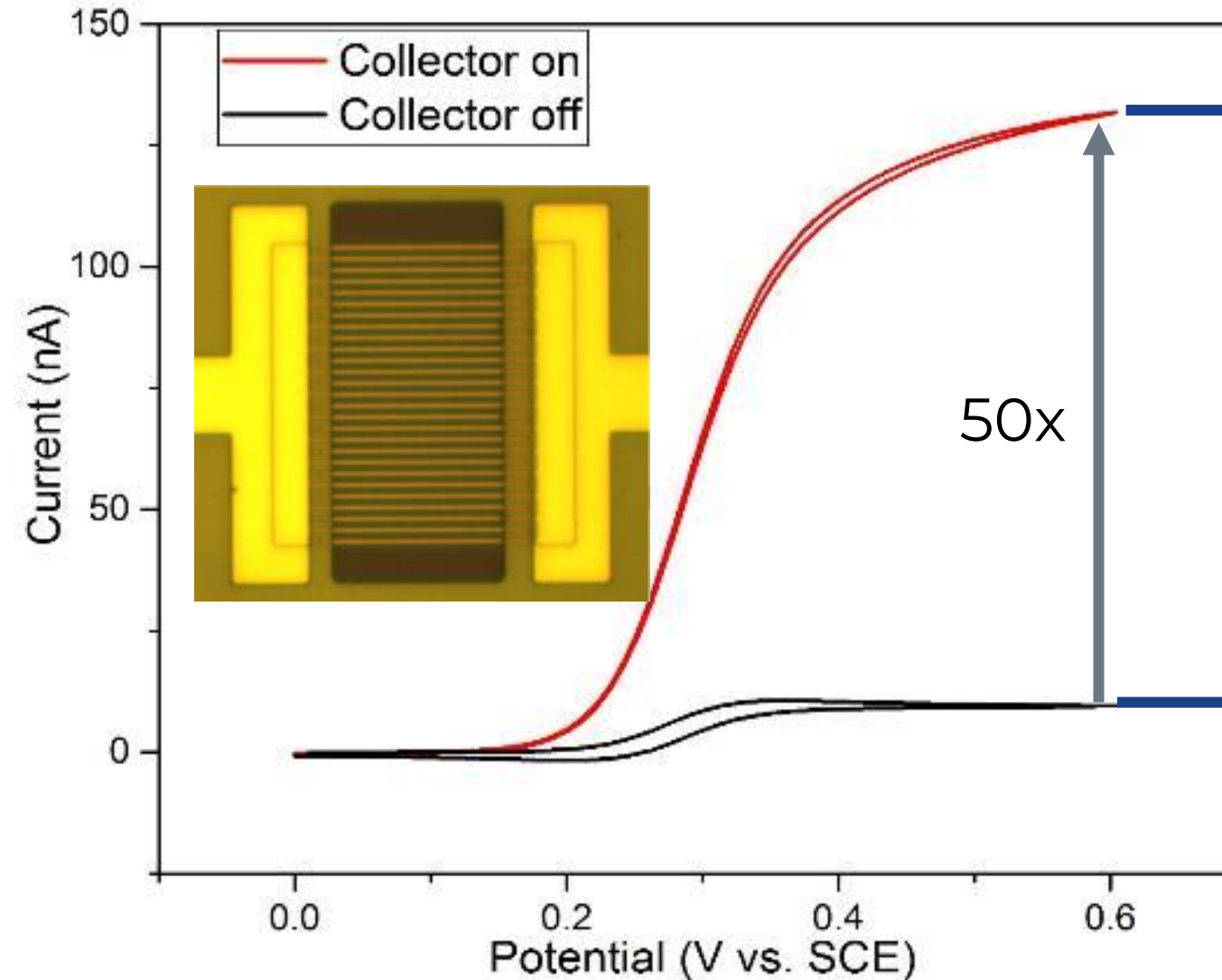


Four Electrode Configuration

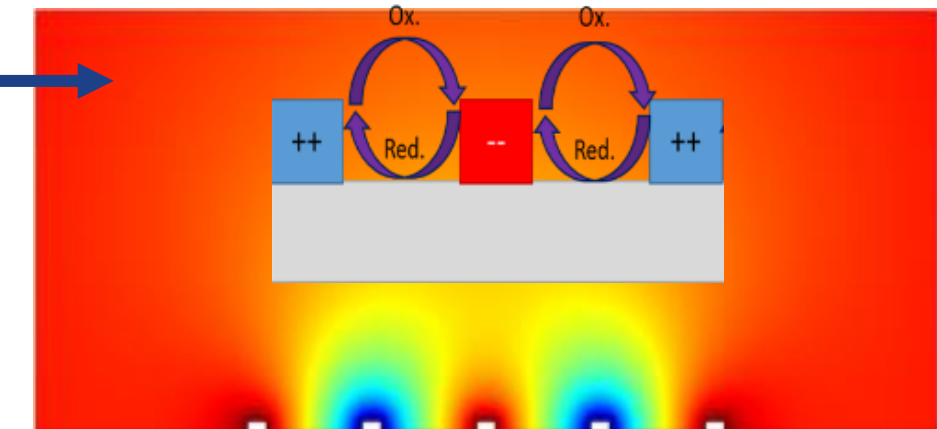
Advantages

- **Generator Collector much higher sensitivity**
- **Remove Interference effects**
- **Temporal and spatial control of chemistry in the region of the electrode – pH control**

Addition of a collector bias



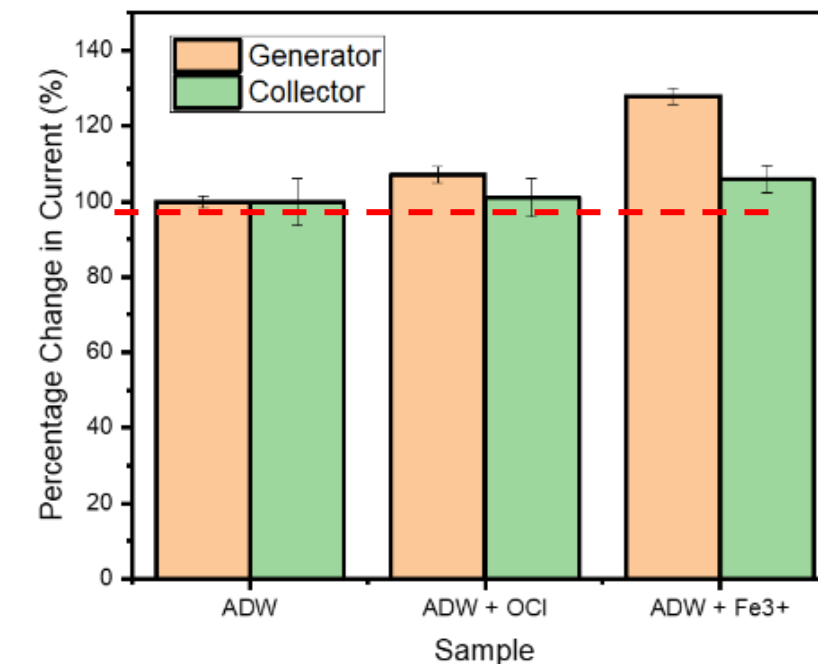
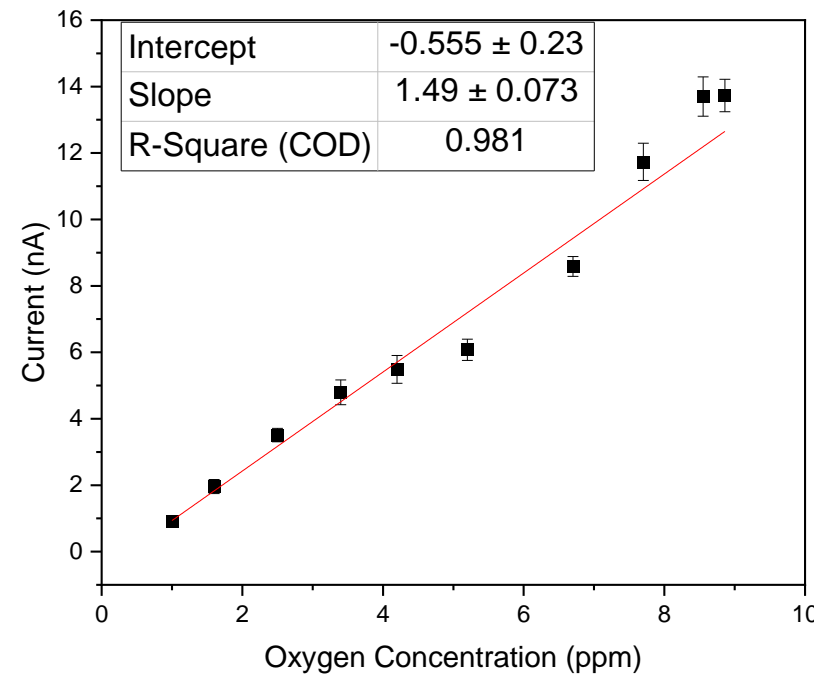
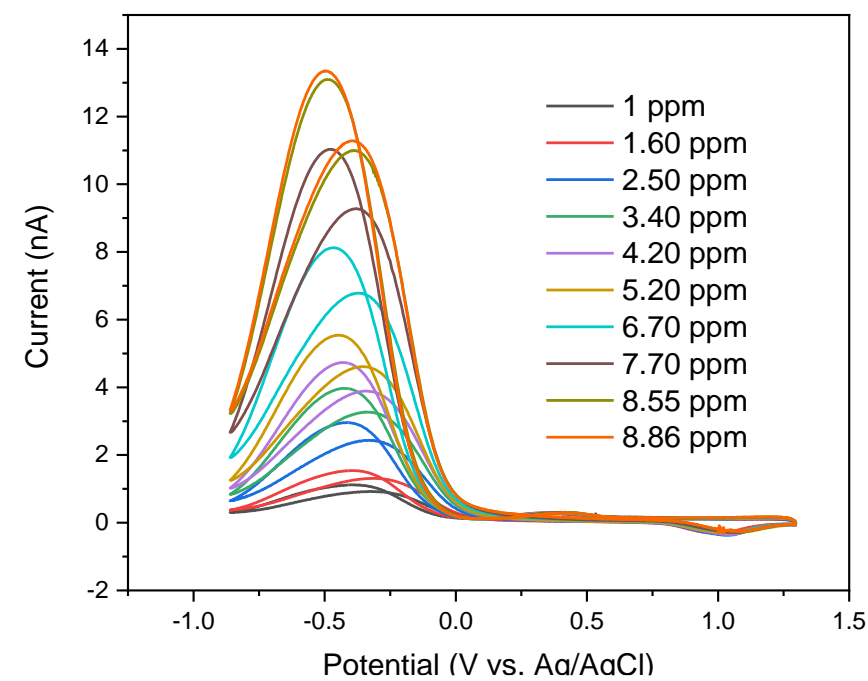
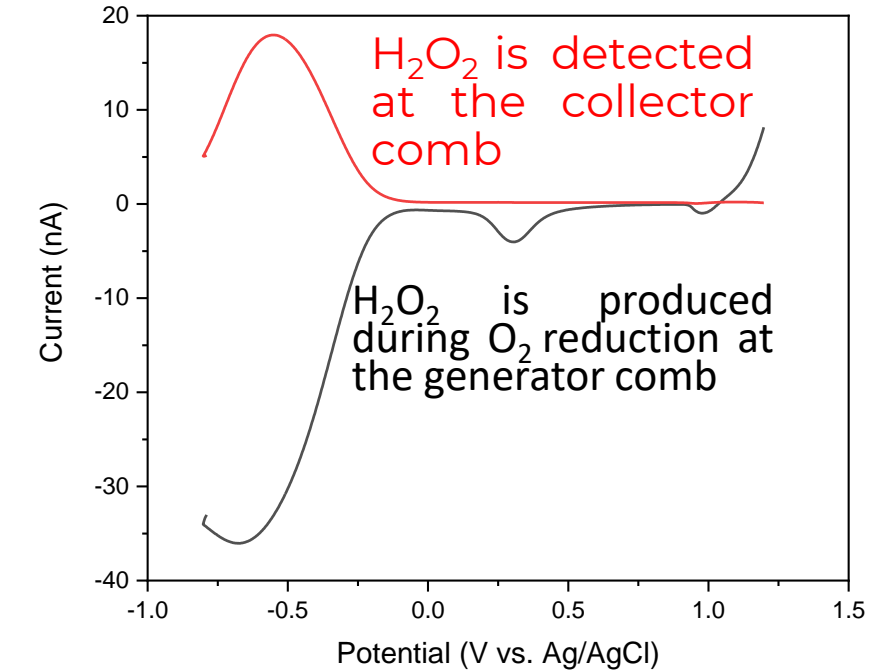
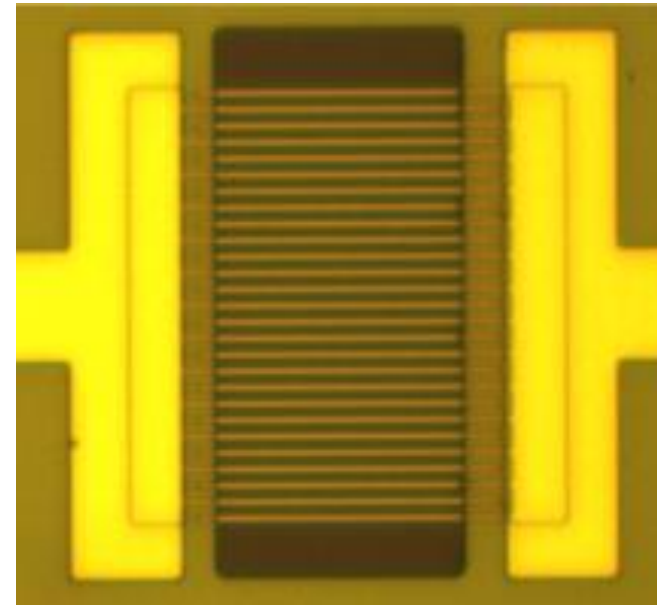
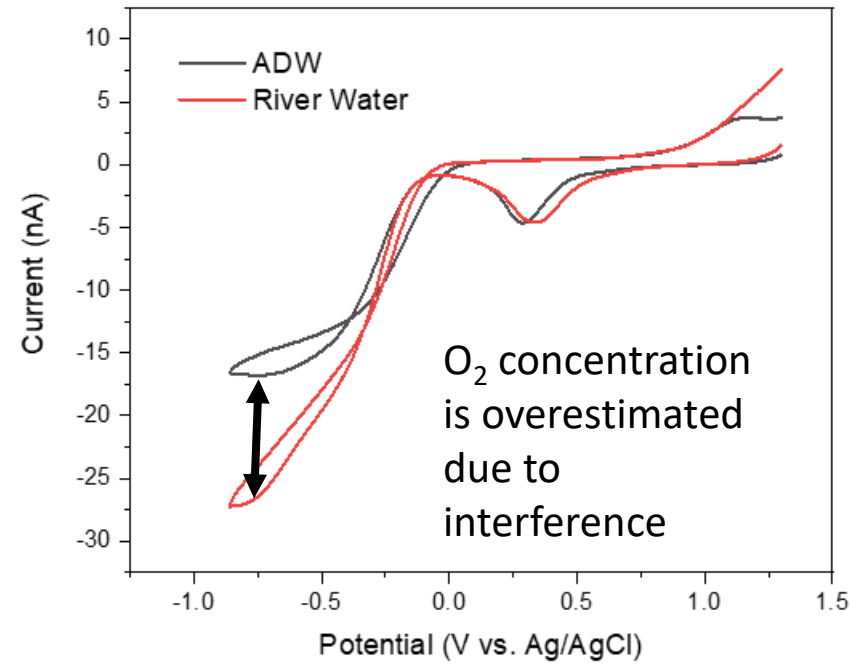
Redox cycling occurs



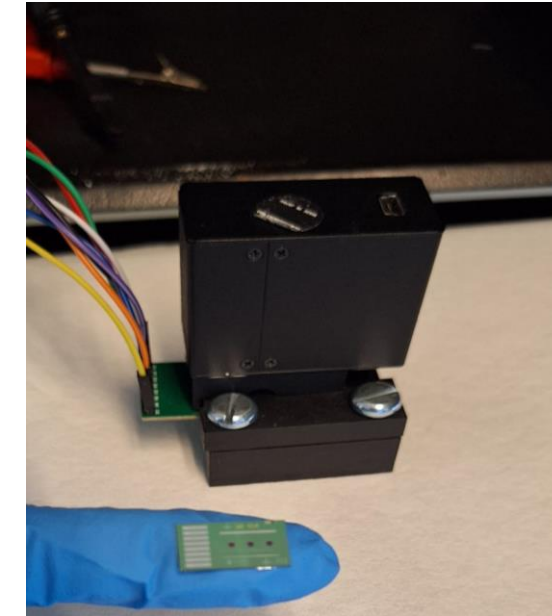
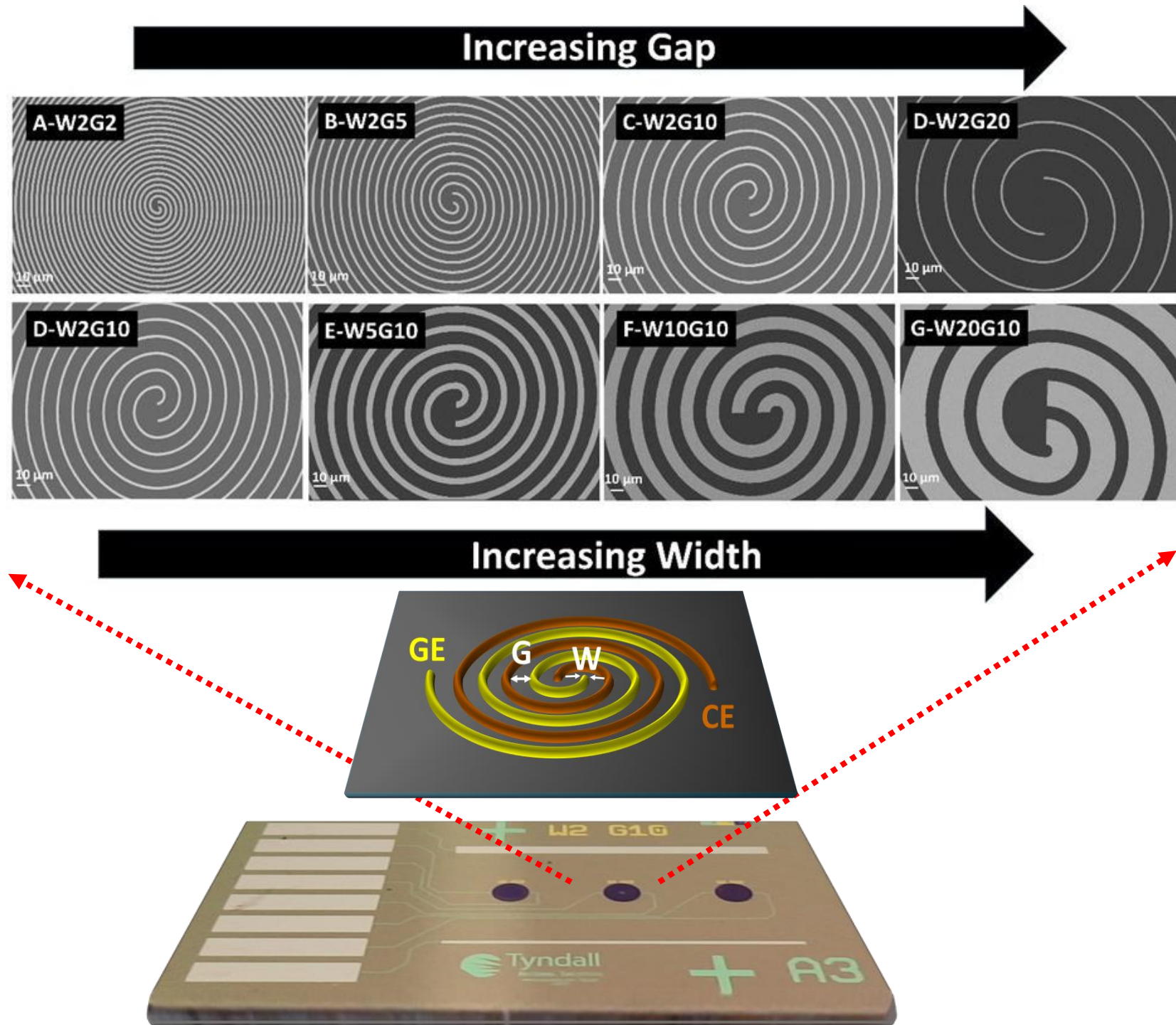
Analyte Depletion



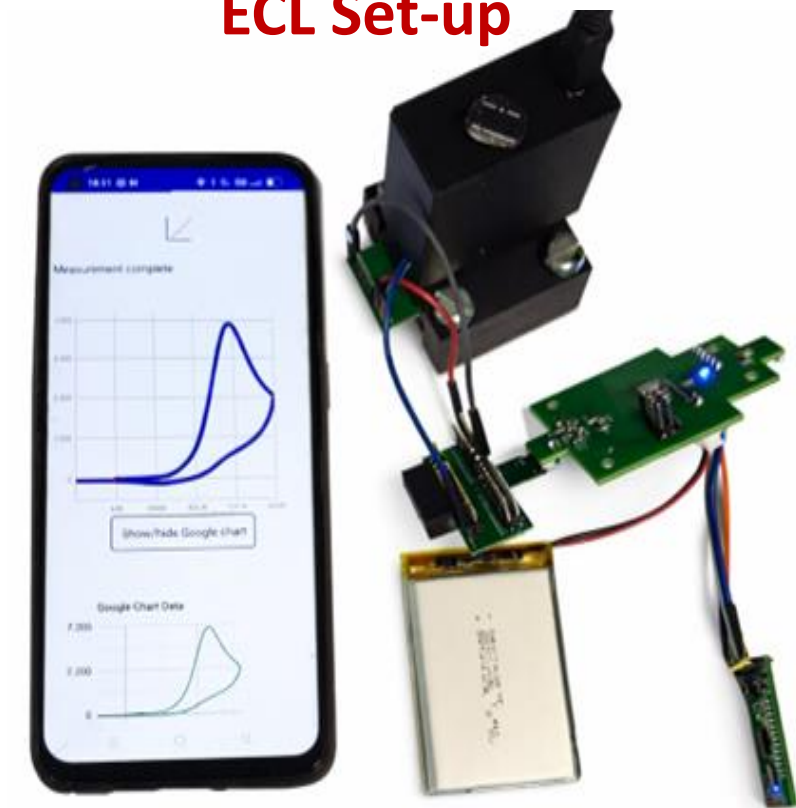
Generator Collector – Removing Interference



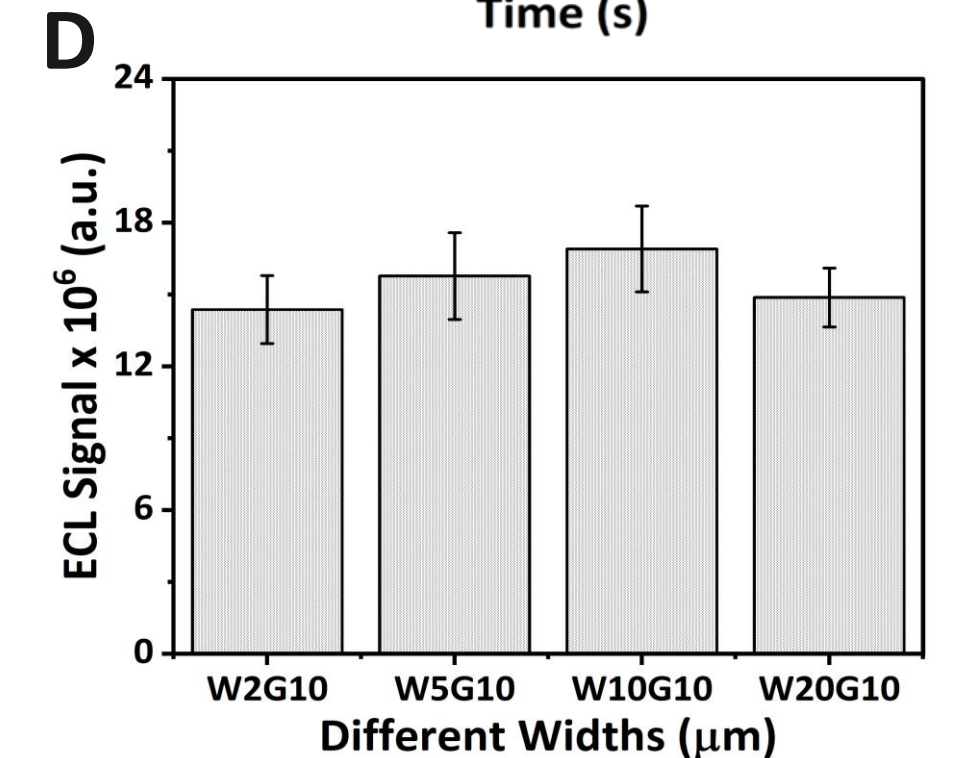
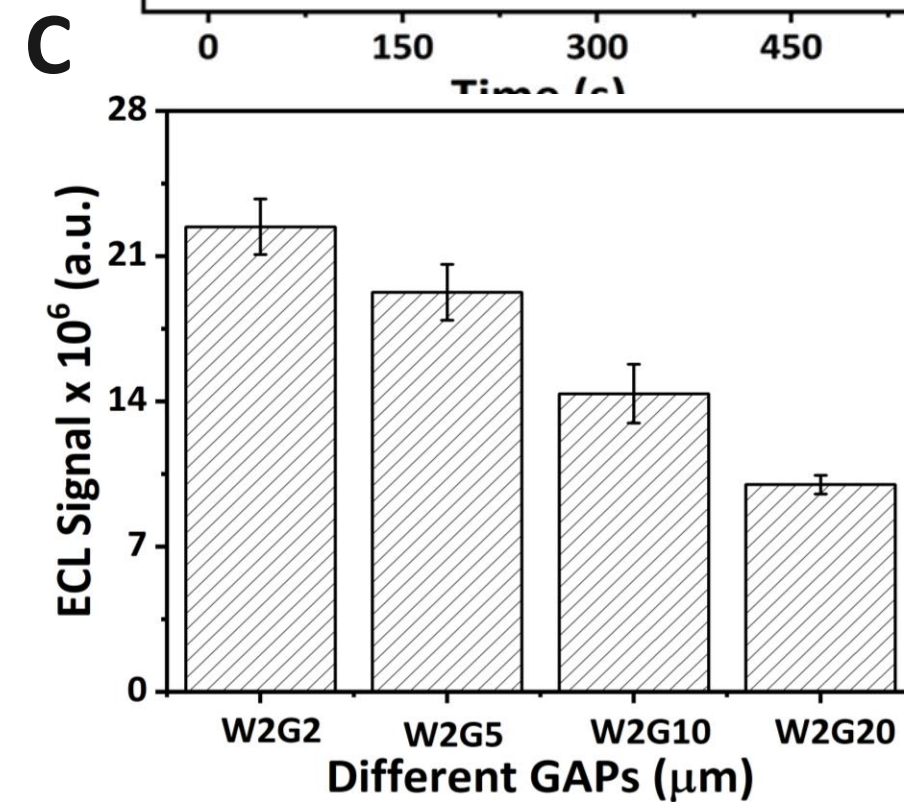
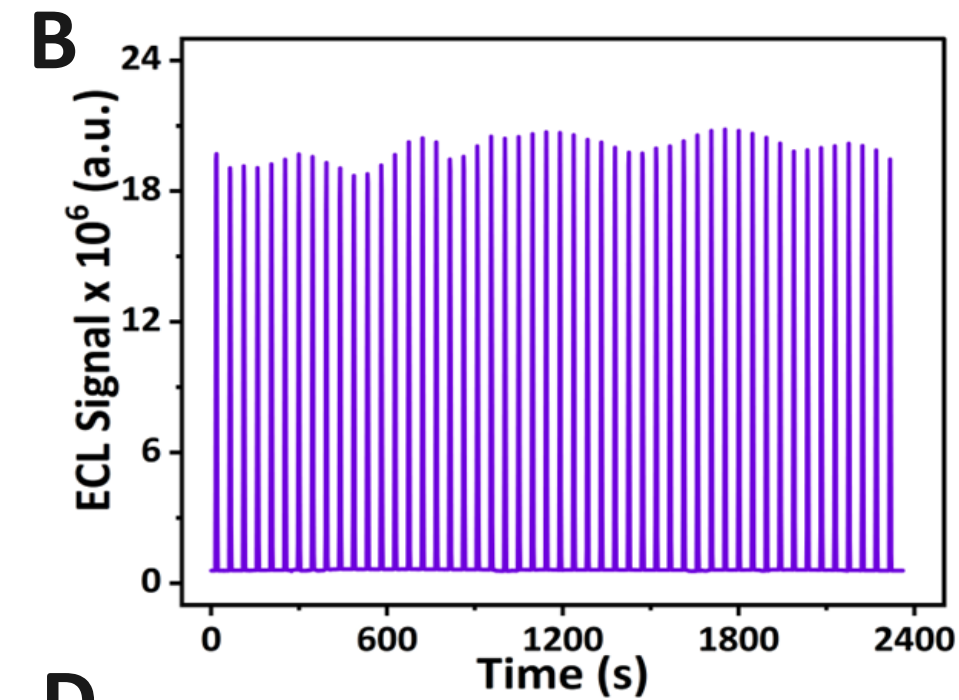
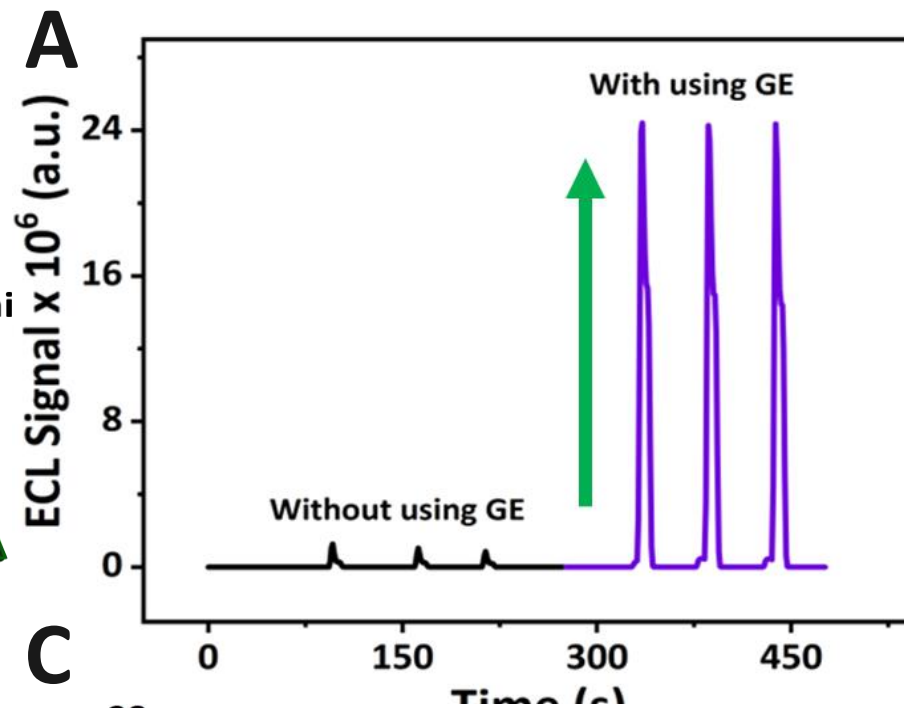
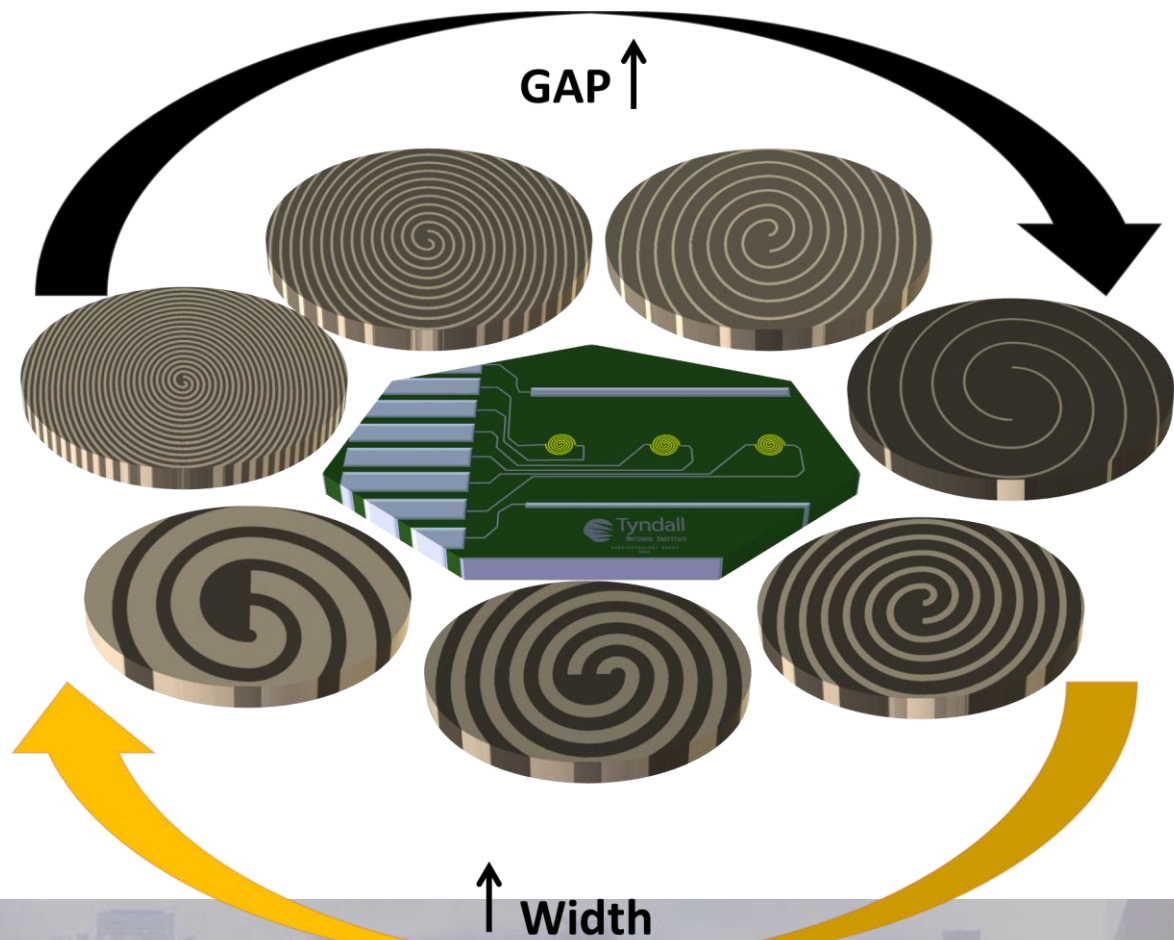
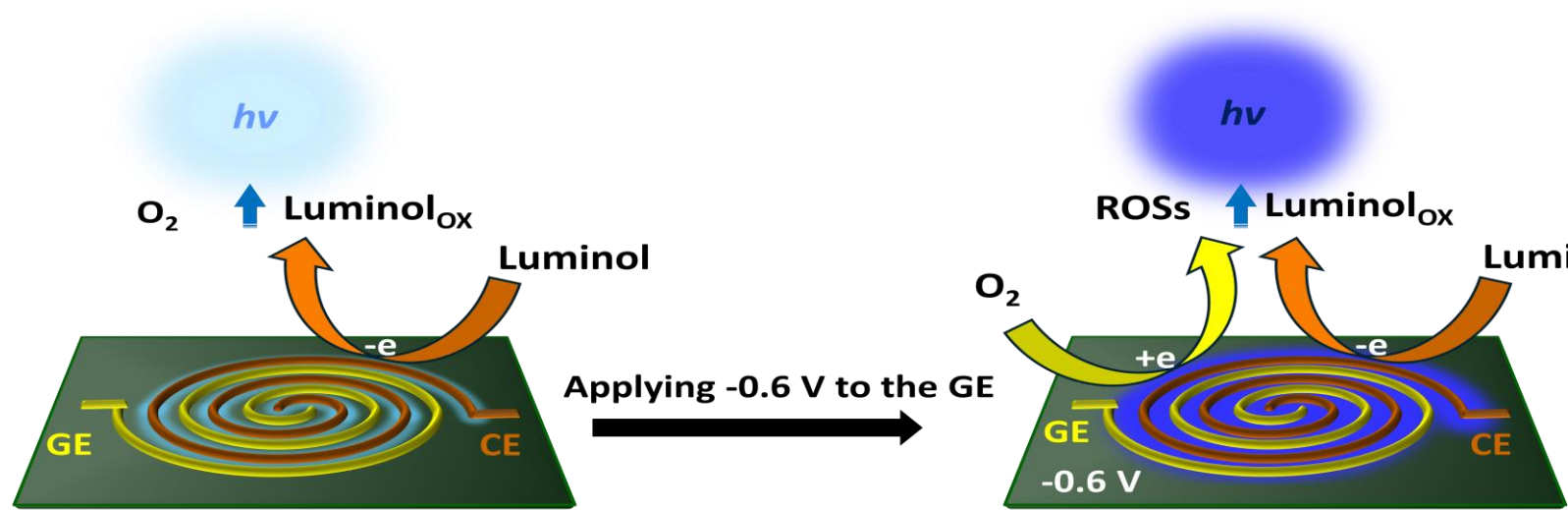
ECL Sensing Platform: Entwined Spiral



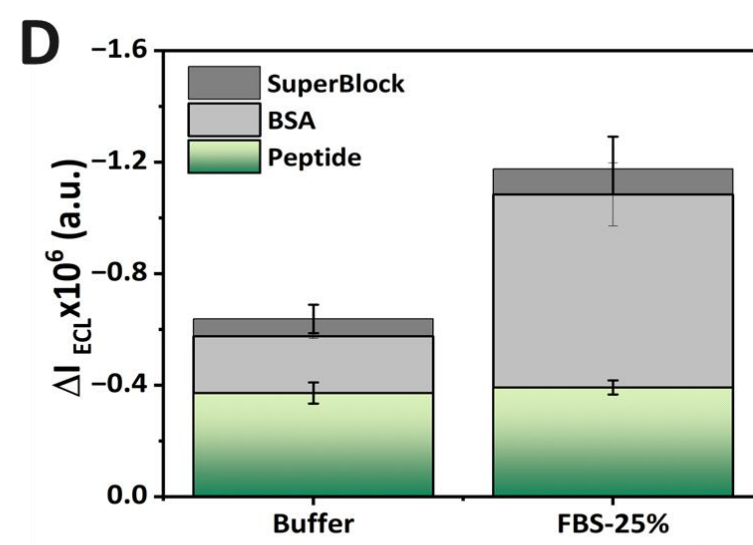
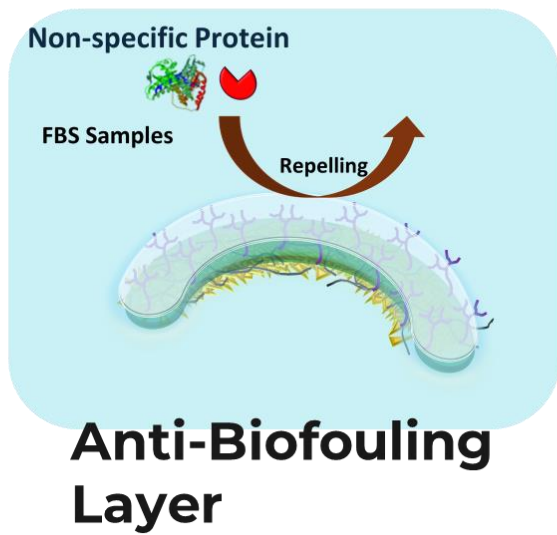
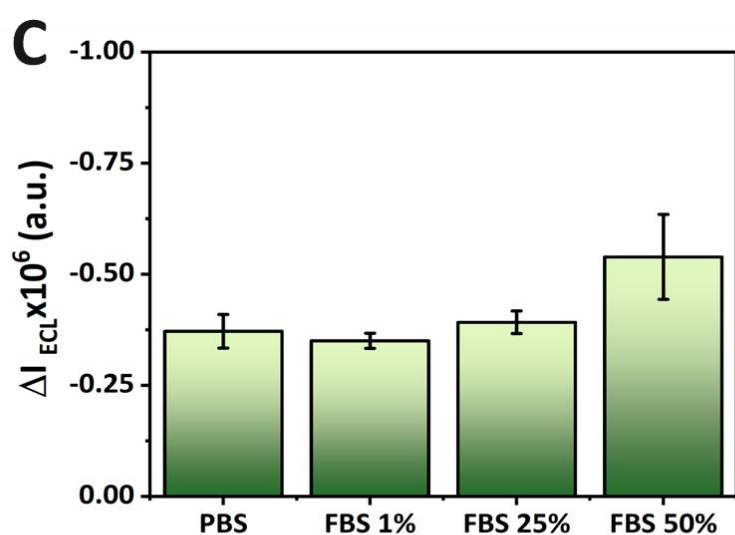
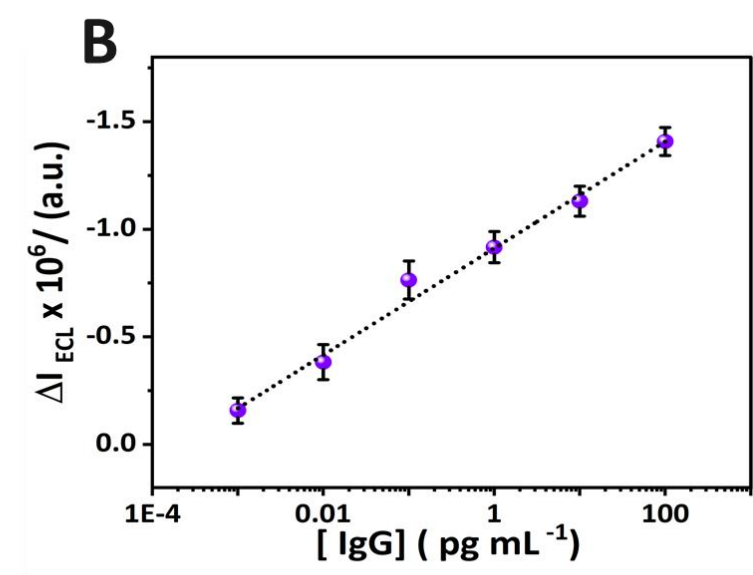
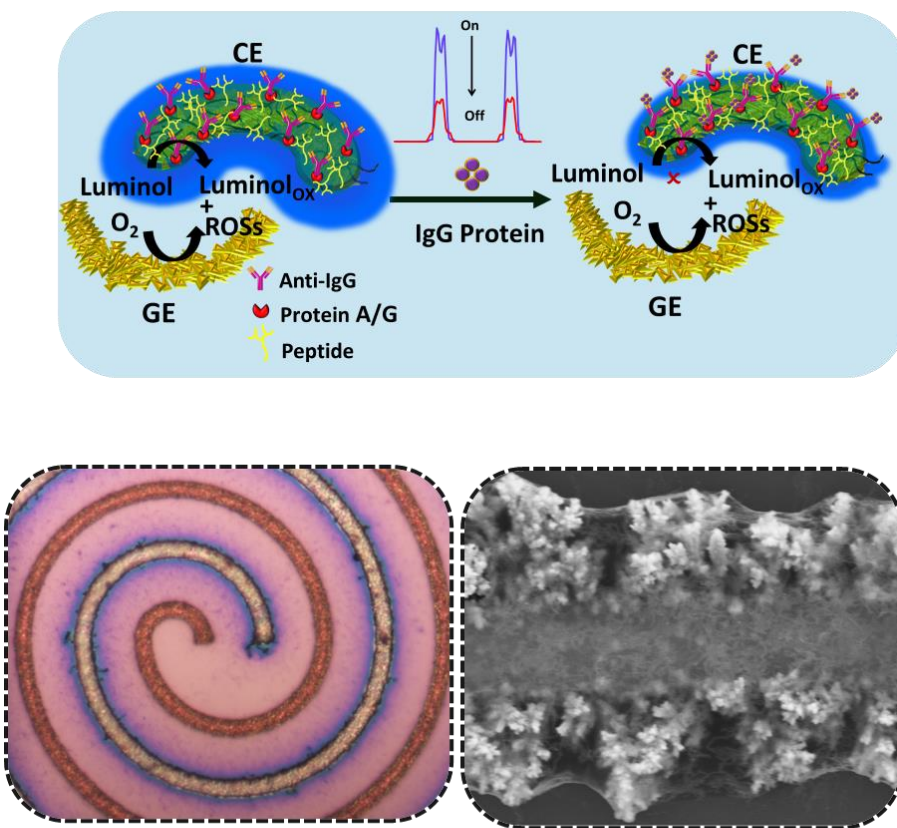
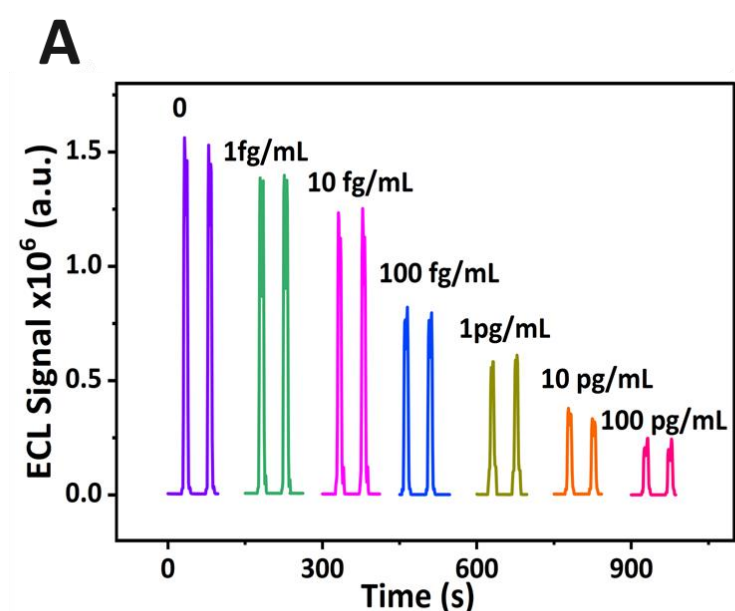
ECL Set-up



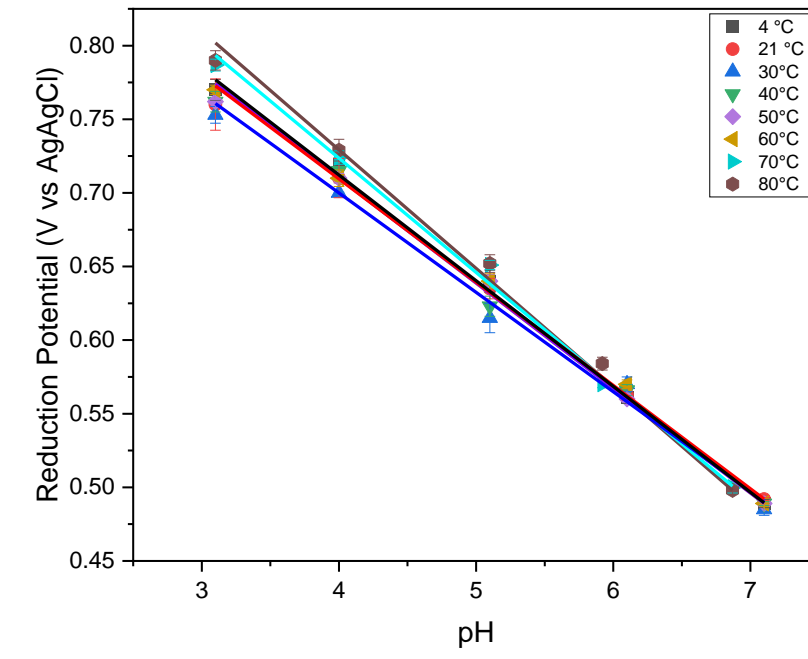
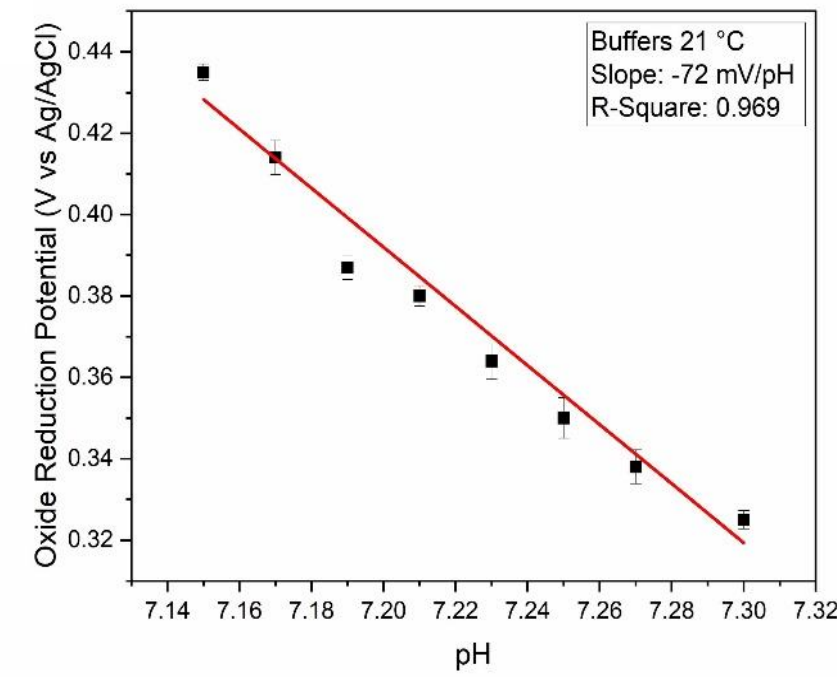
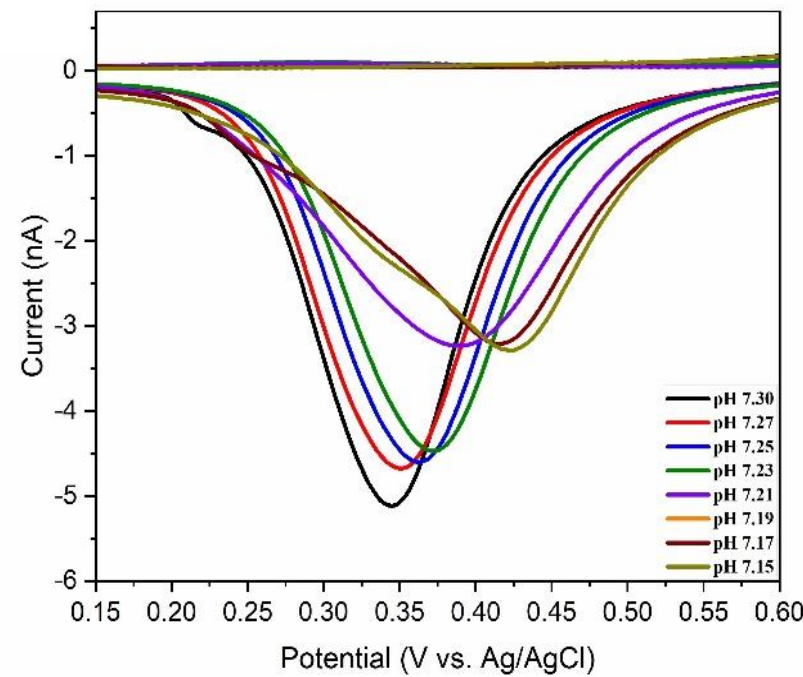
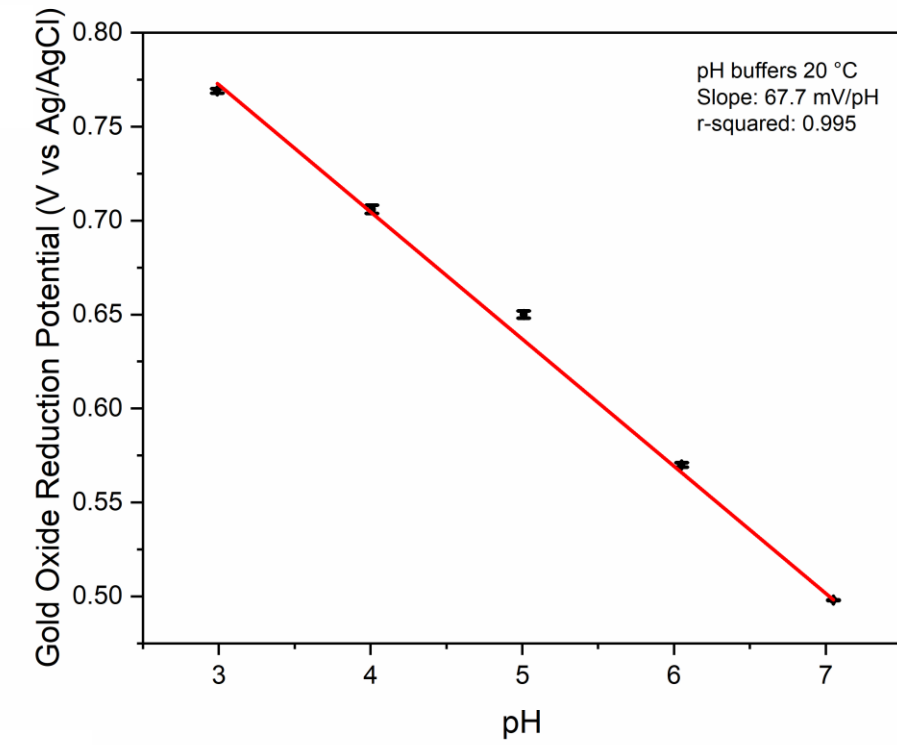
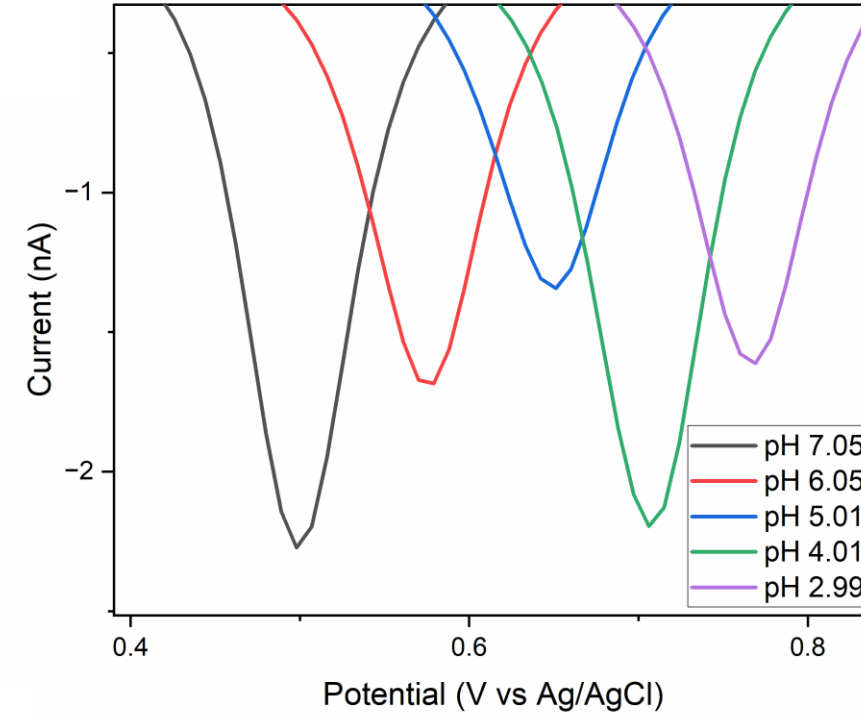
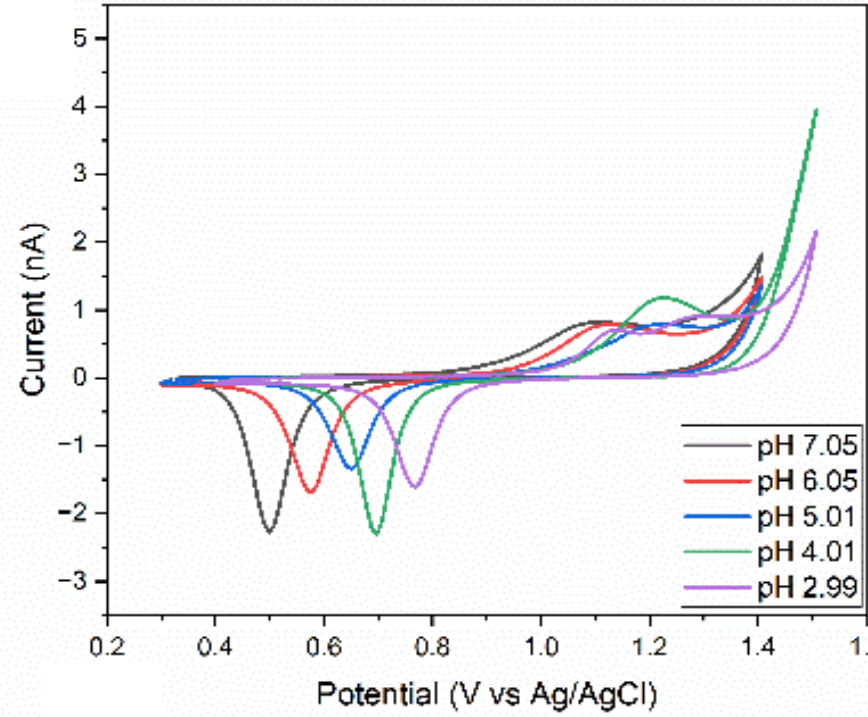
Coreactant-Free ECL Performance



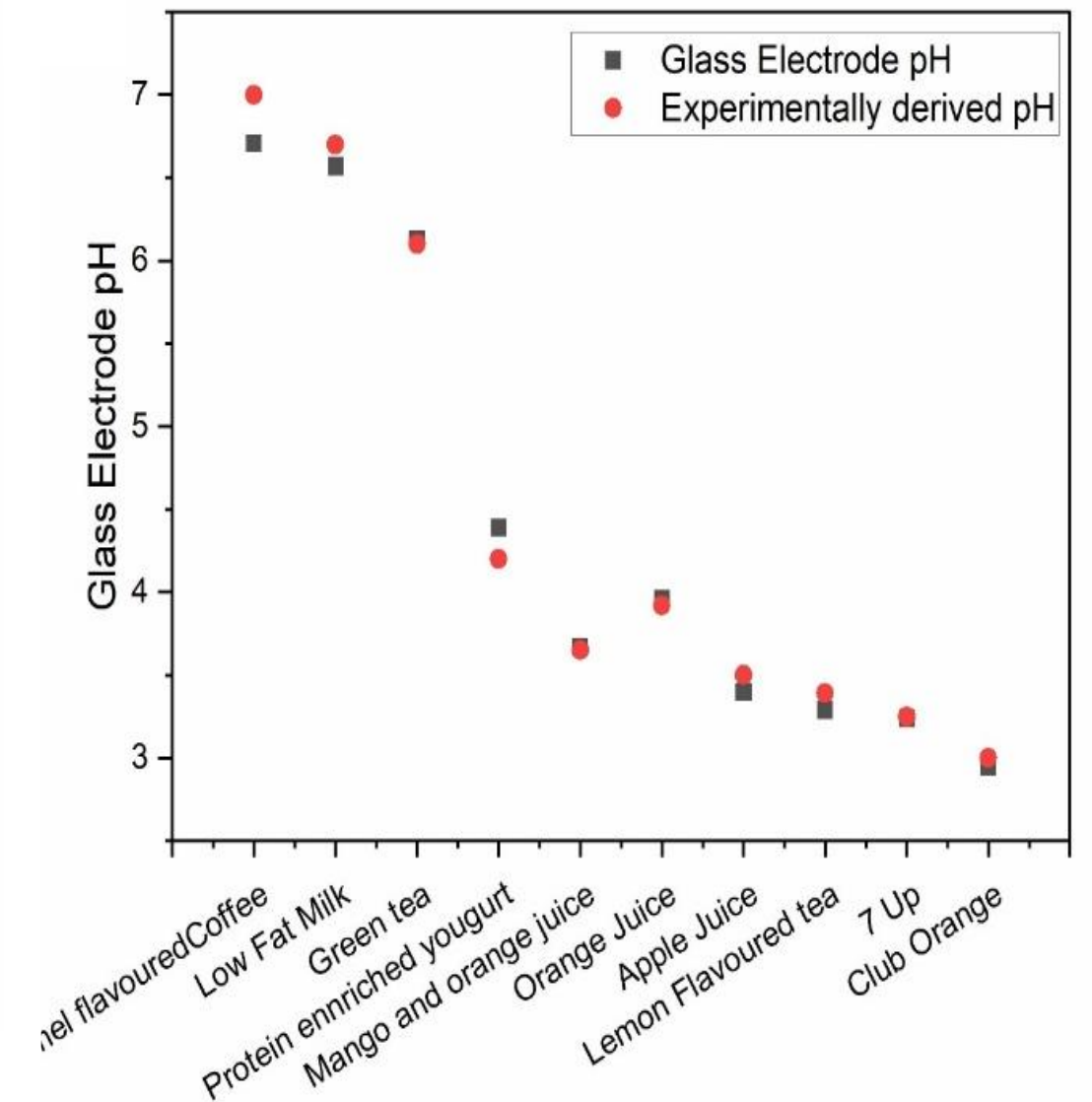
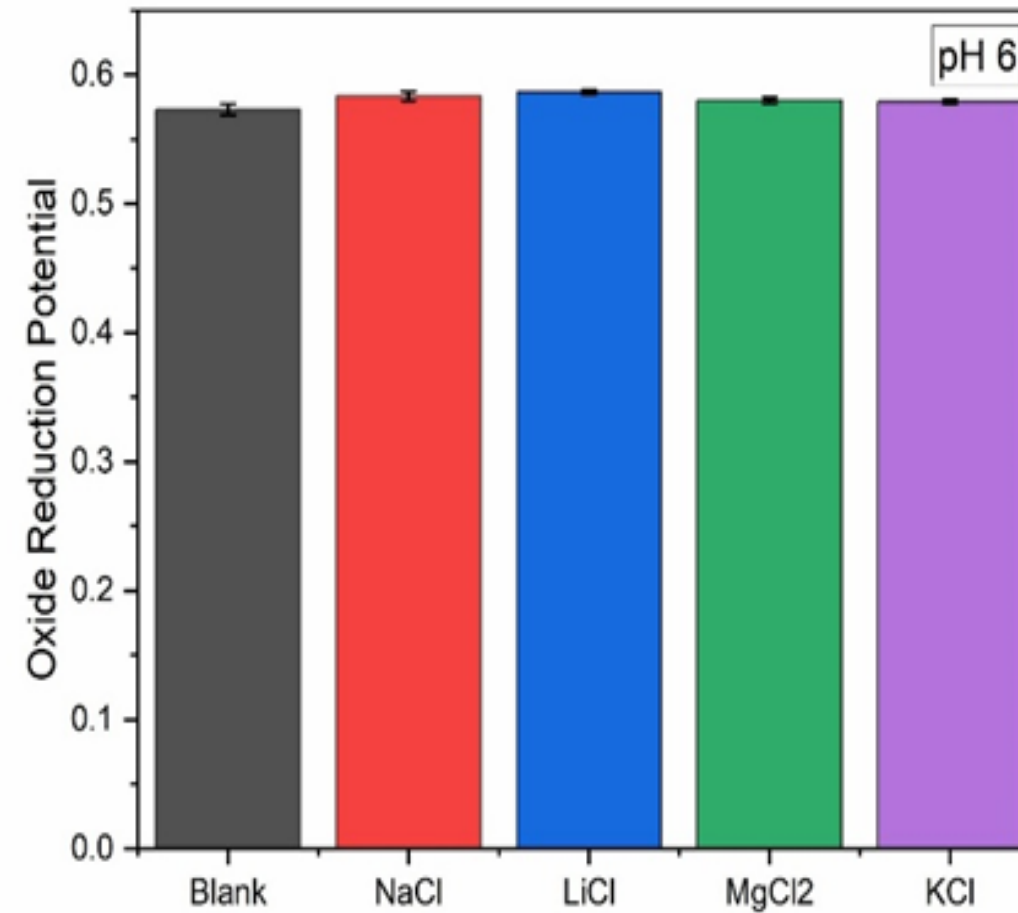
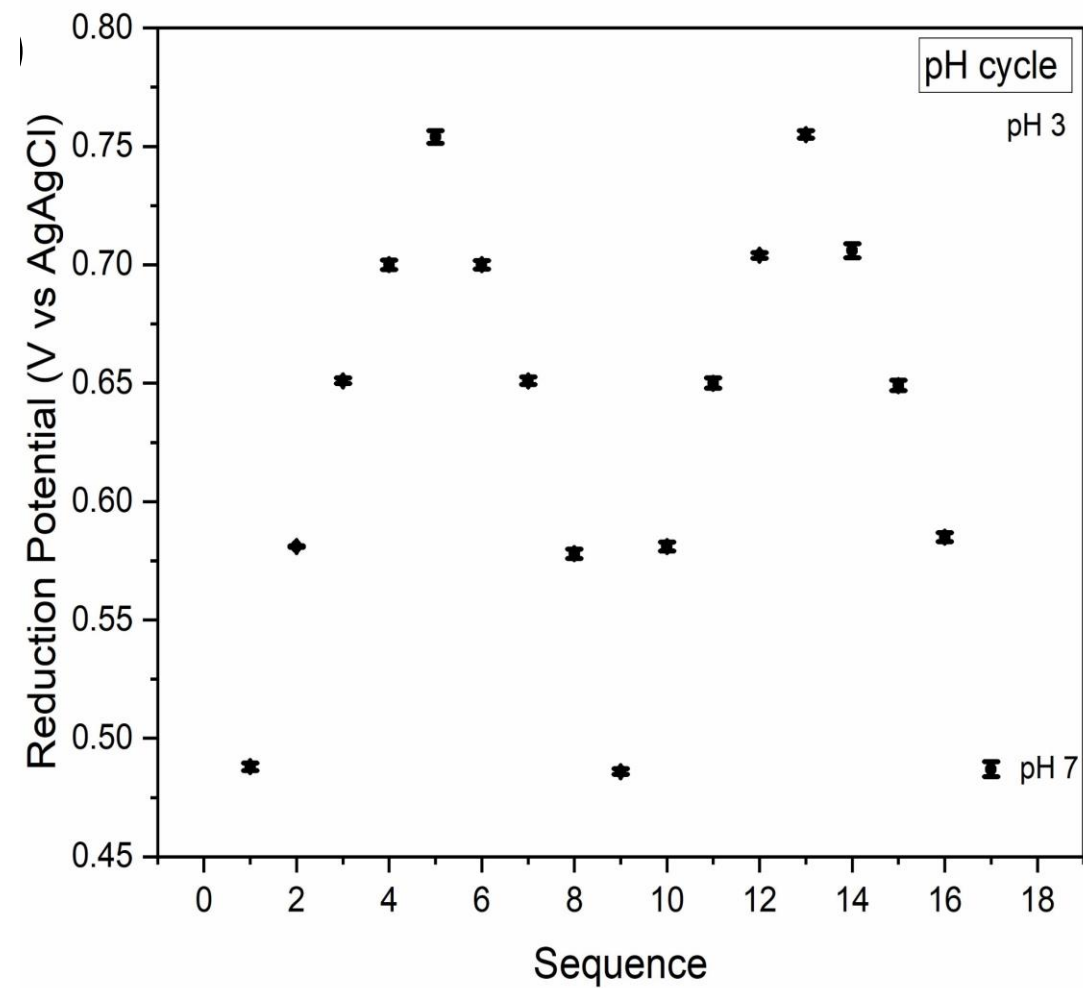
Coreactant-Free ECL Immunosensors



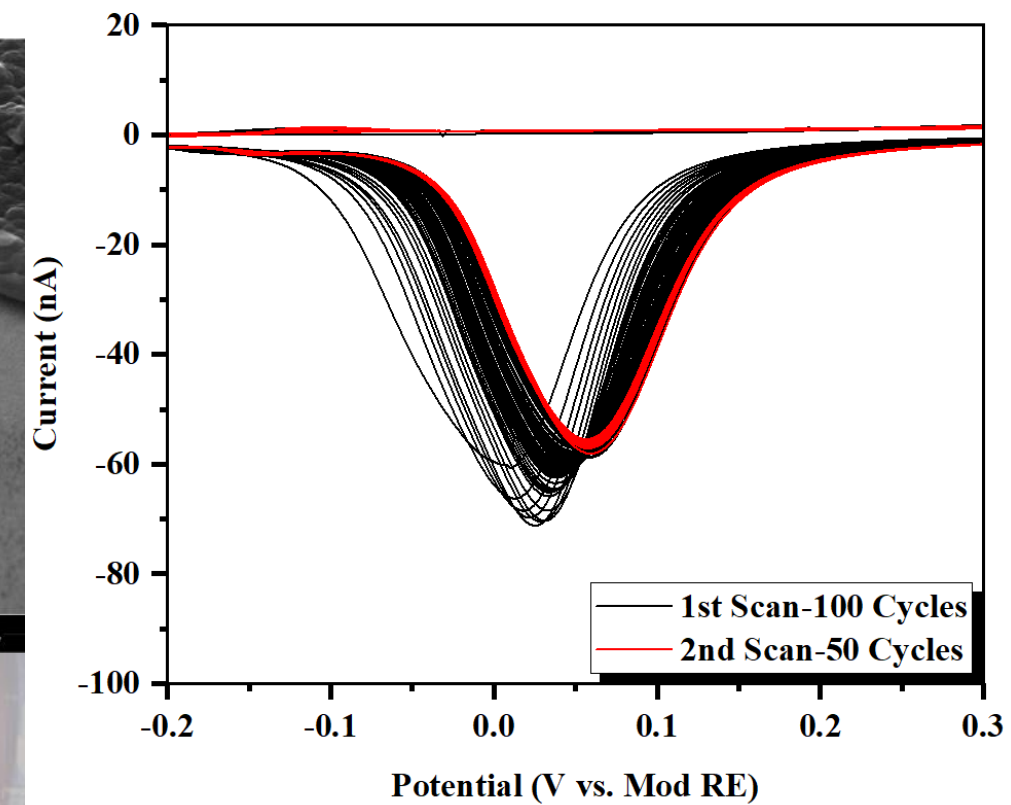
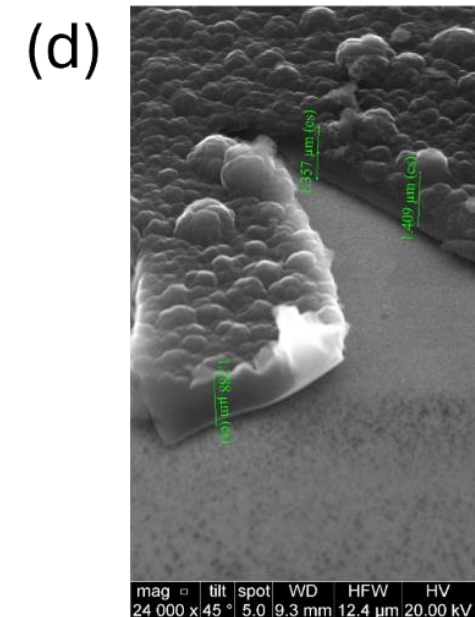
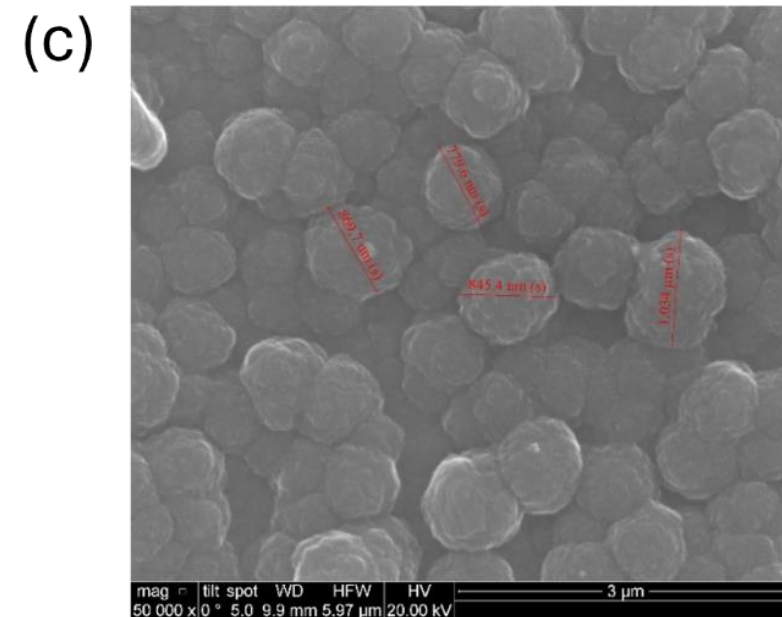
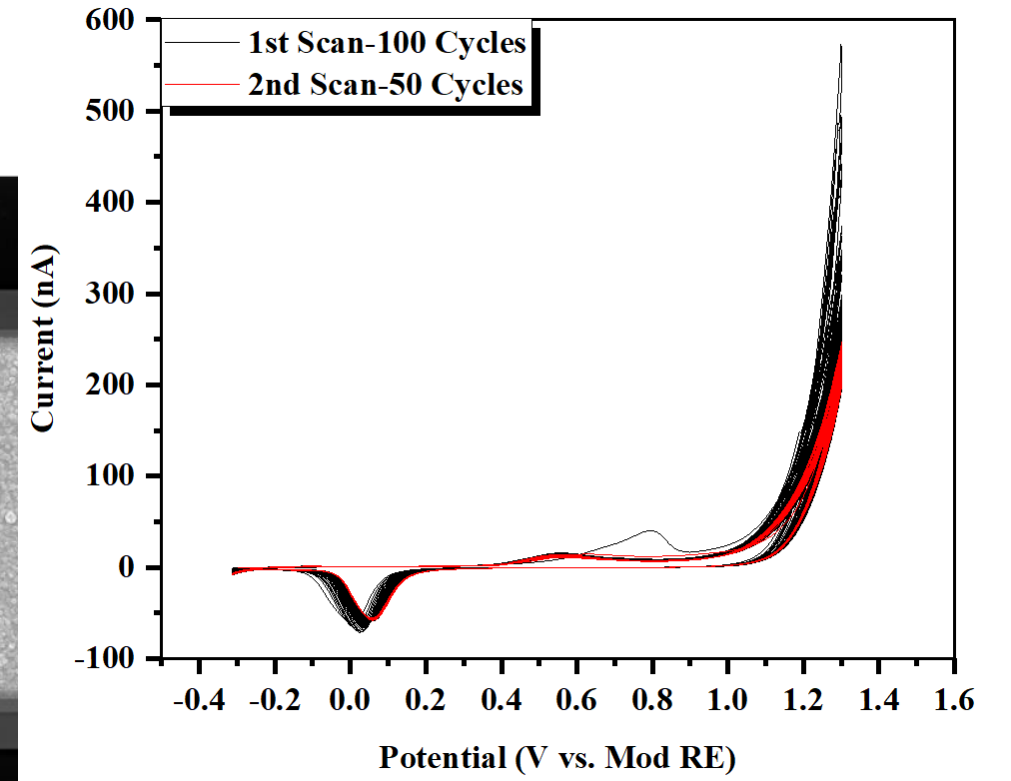
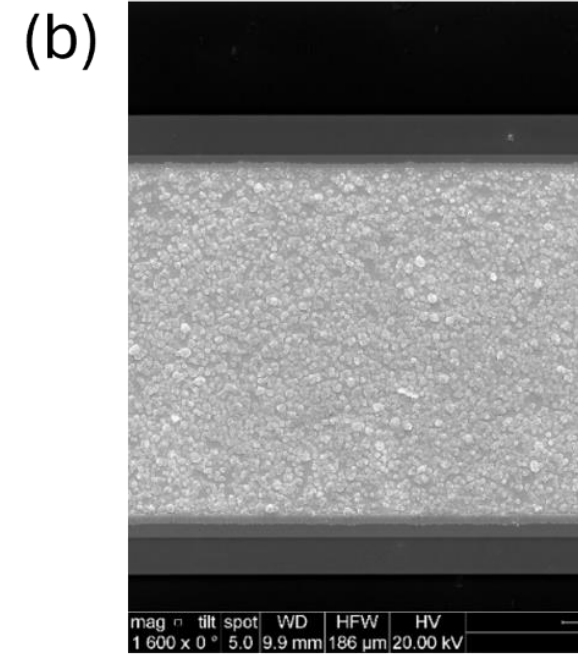
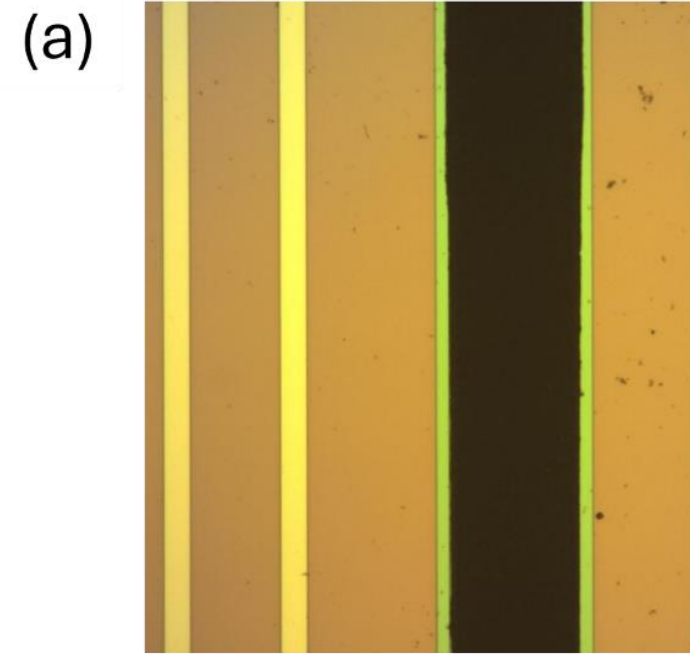
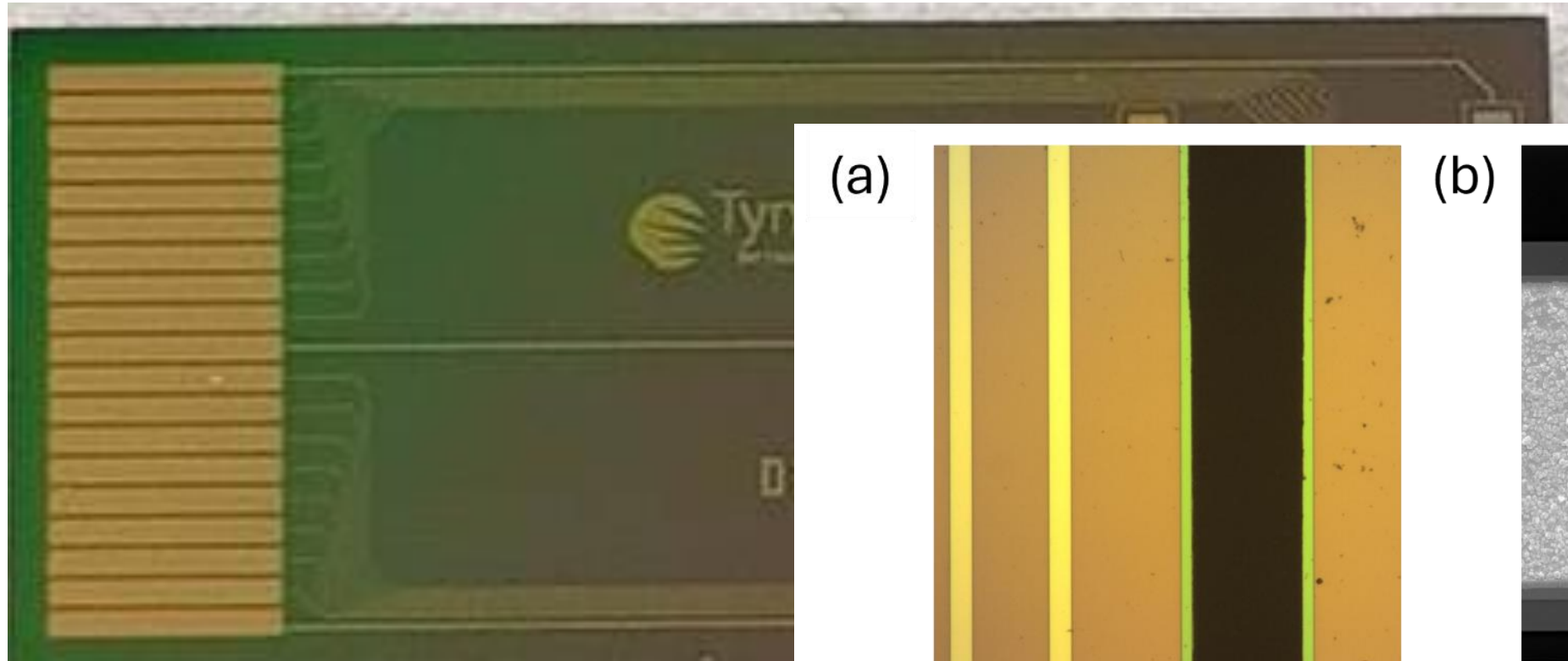
Gold Oxide Reduction as pH Probe



Gold Oxide Reduction as pH Probe



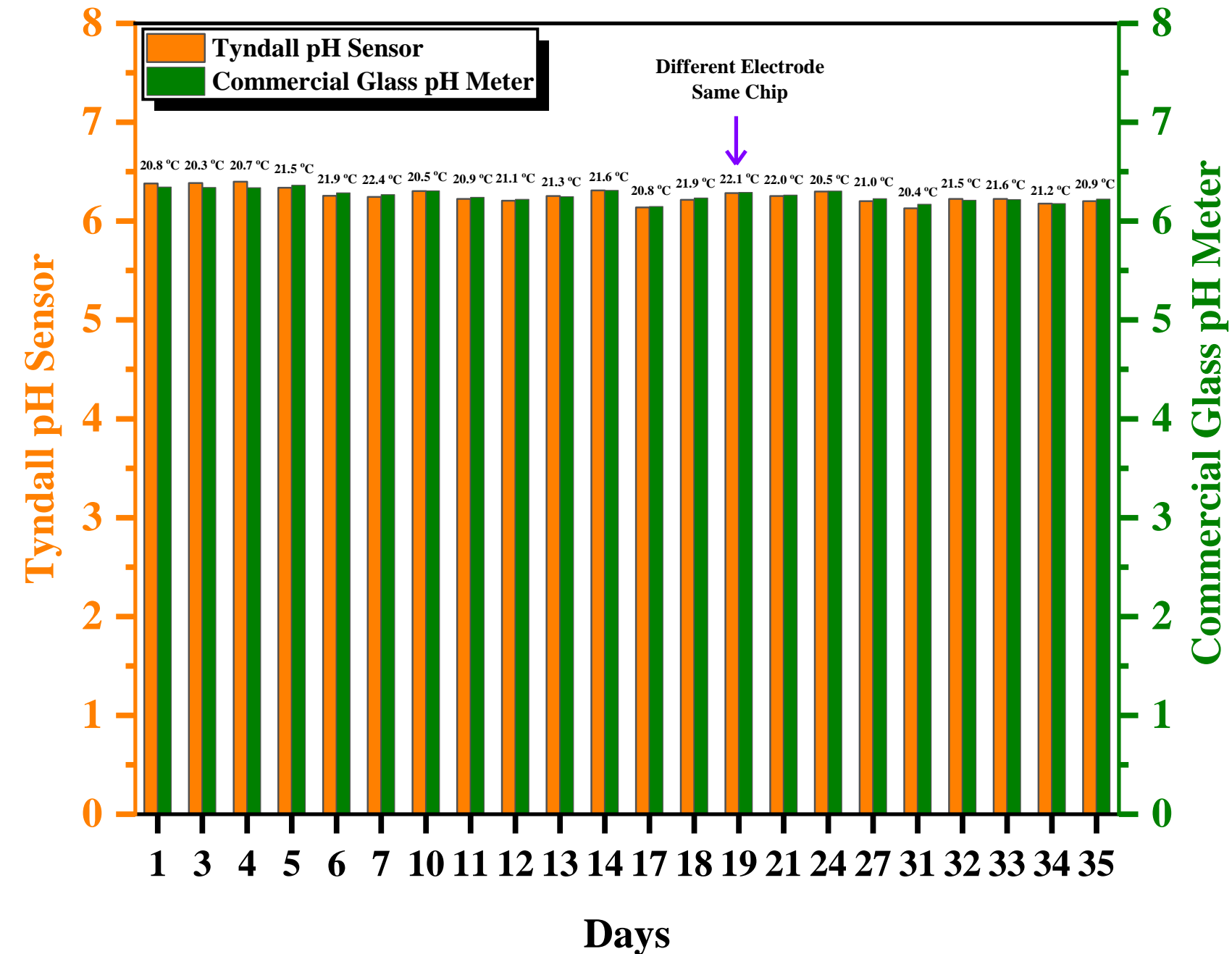
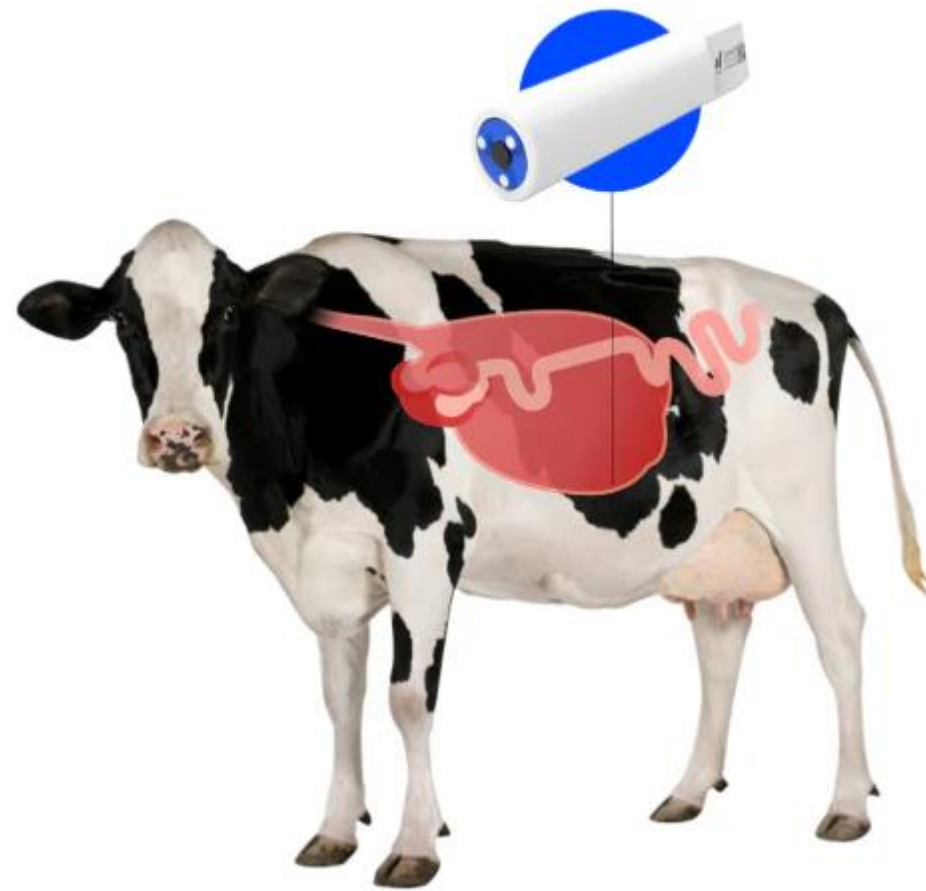
Reference Electrode Stabalisation



2020



pH sensing in rumen fluid



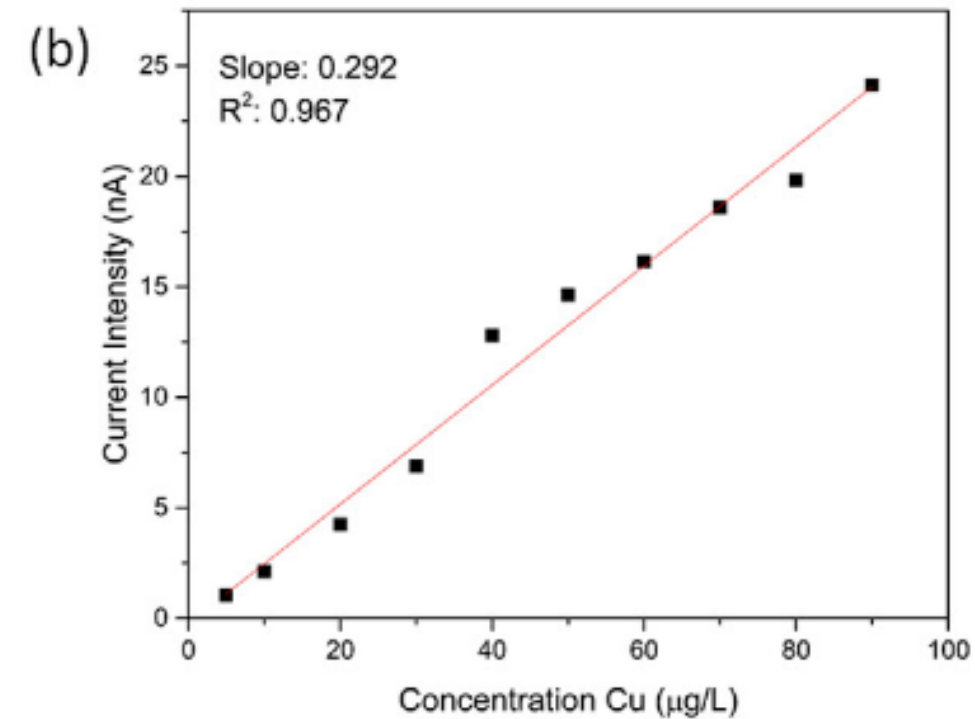
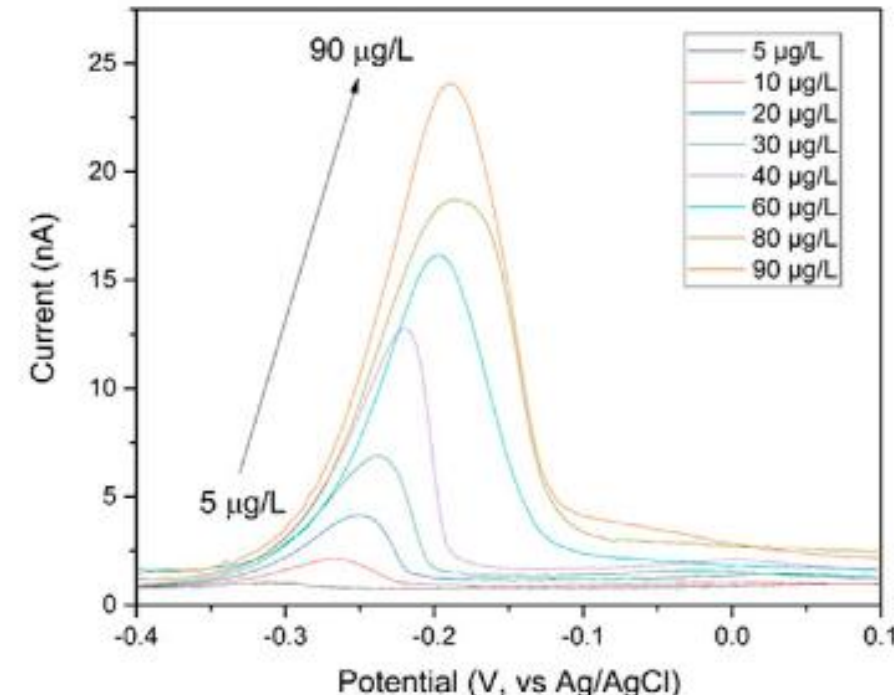
- Early Detection of Illness
- Nutrition, Digestion, and Production Optimization
- Reproductive Efficiency and Calving Management

Challenge Glass pH sensor → Tyndall Gold pH sensor

Metals: *In-situ* pH control



Sites	ICP-MS (µg/L)	Pt IDA Sensor (µg/L)
Avoca	22	17
Ross Mines	27	20
Bunmahon	<3	1



Same approach successfully applied to silver, lead, mercury, cadmium and mixed metals

Calf wellbeing – animal welfare



Bovine Respiratory Disease

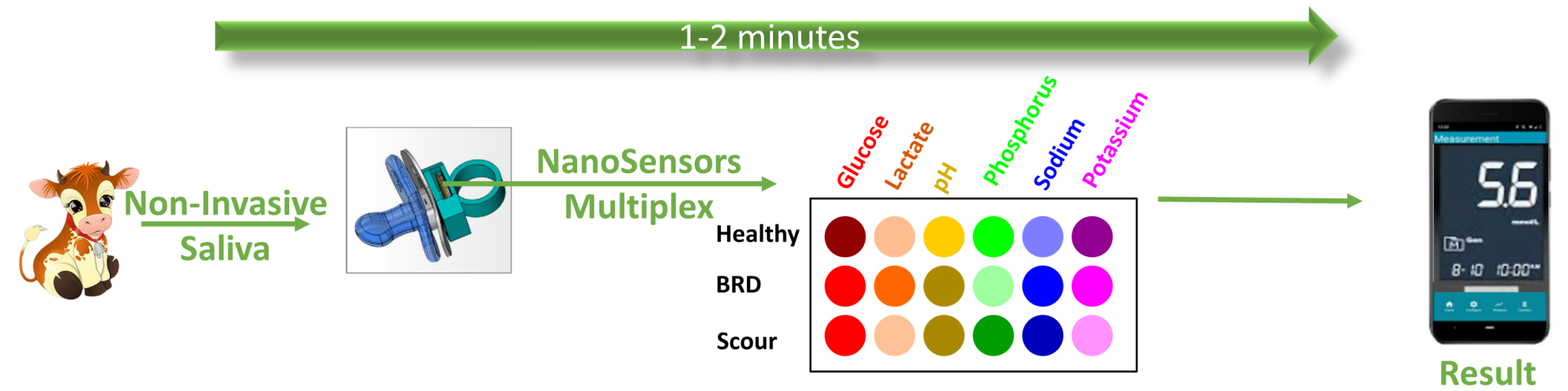


A complex, **bacterial** infection that causes **pneumonia** in calves.
 IMPACT: **65%** of feedlot morbidity,
 €800 to €900 million economic loss

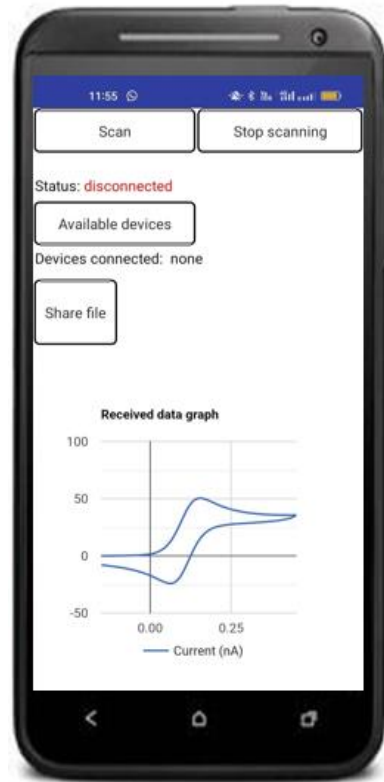
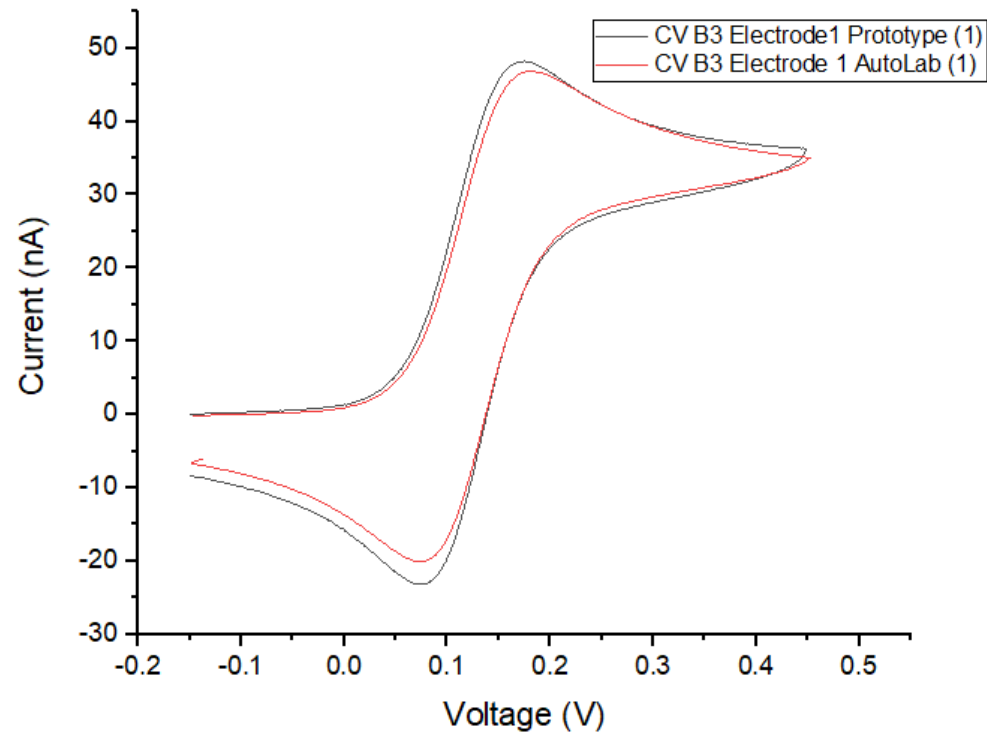
Scour Disease



Bacterial, viral or parasitic infection which causes **diarrhea** in calves.
 IMPACT: **48%** calves death,
 €90 to €102 million economic loss



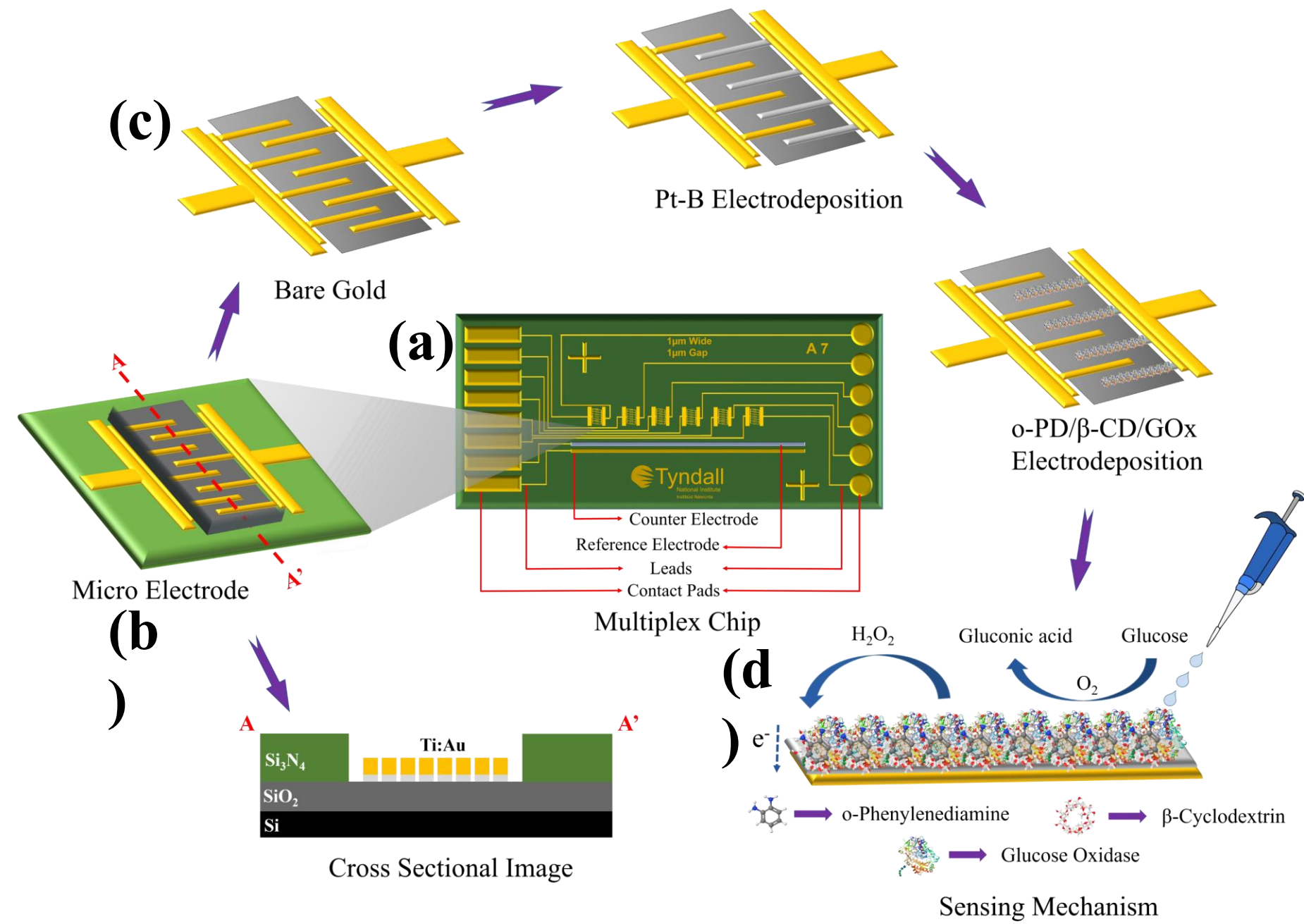
System Development



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Specificity – Bio-modification

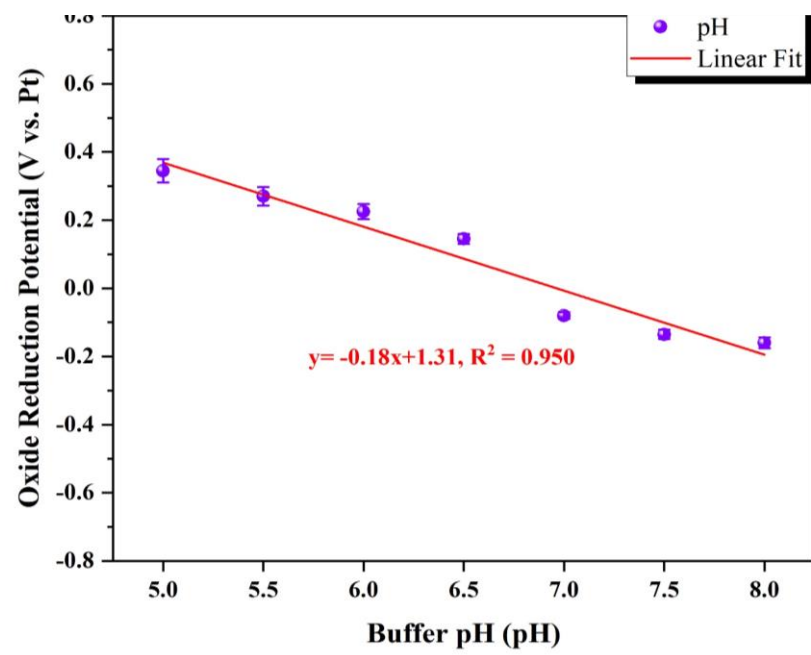


Schematic image of the multiplexed chip

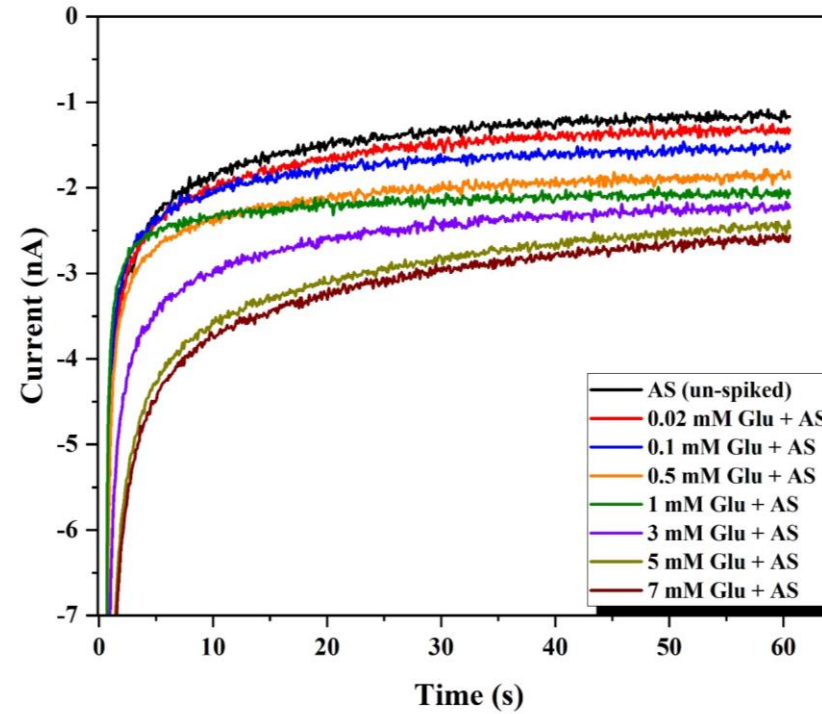


Saliva Biosensor – pH, Glucose and Lactate

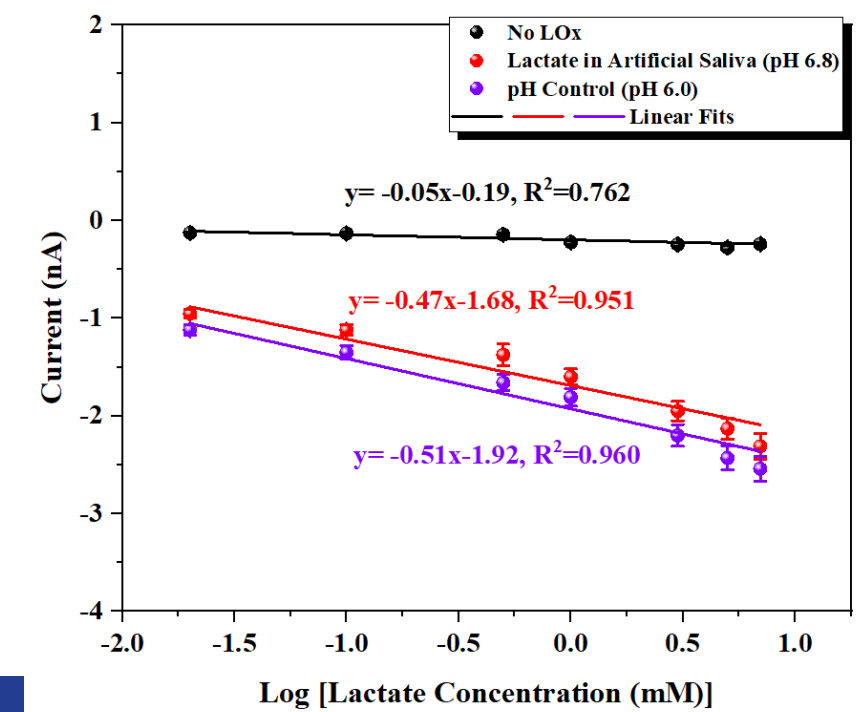
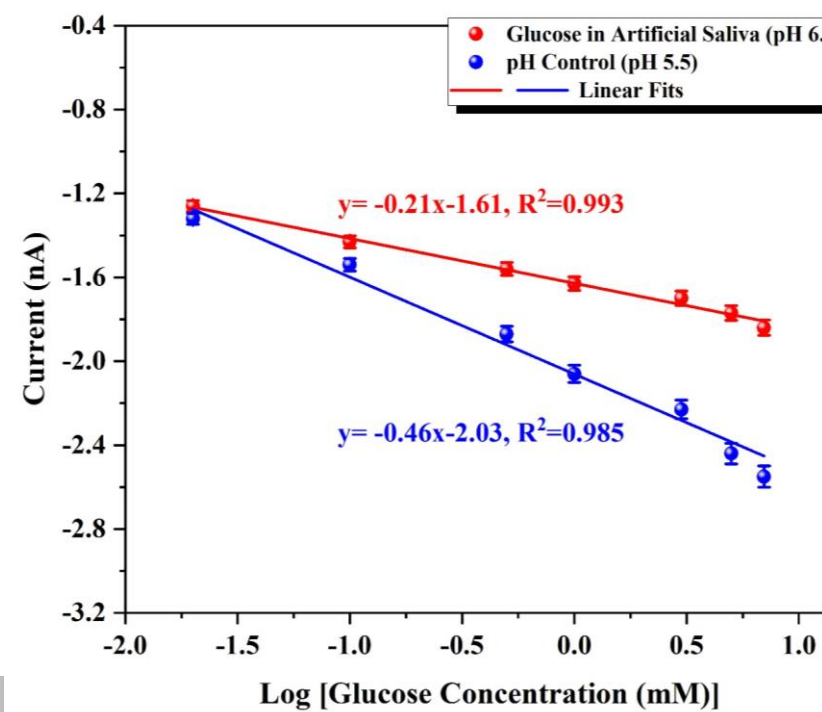
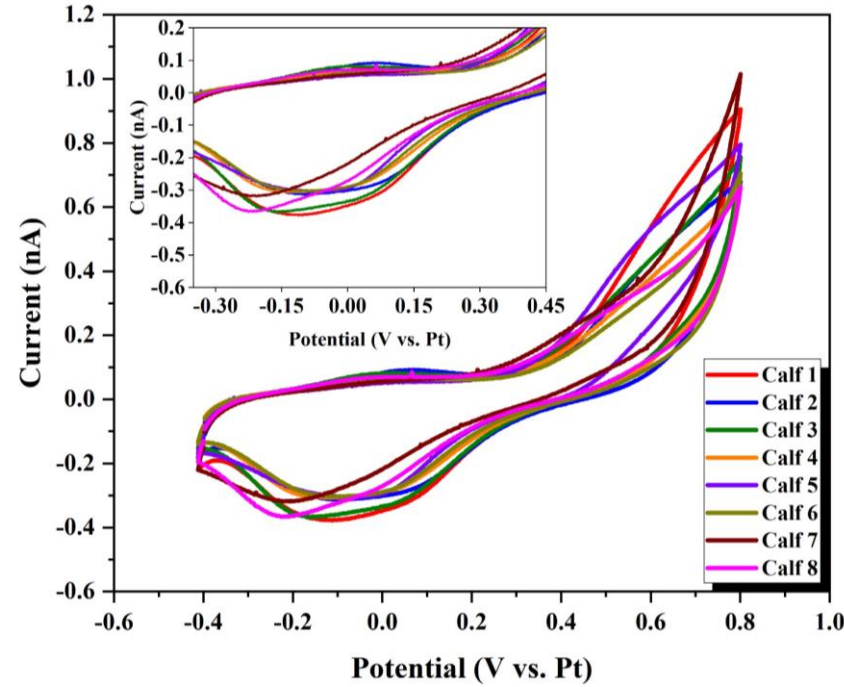
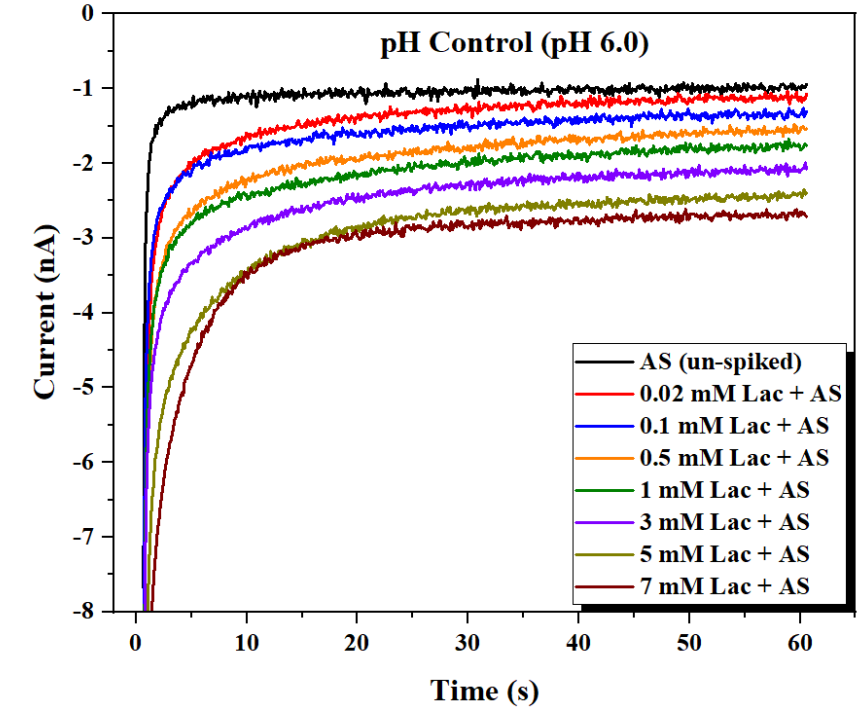
pH calibrated in saliva



Glucose (pH control)



lactate (pH control)



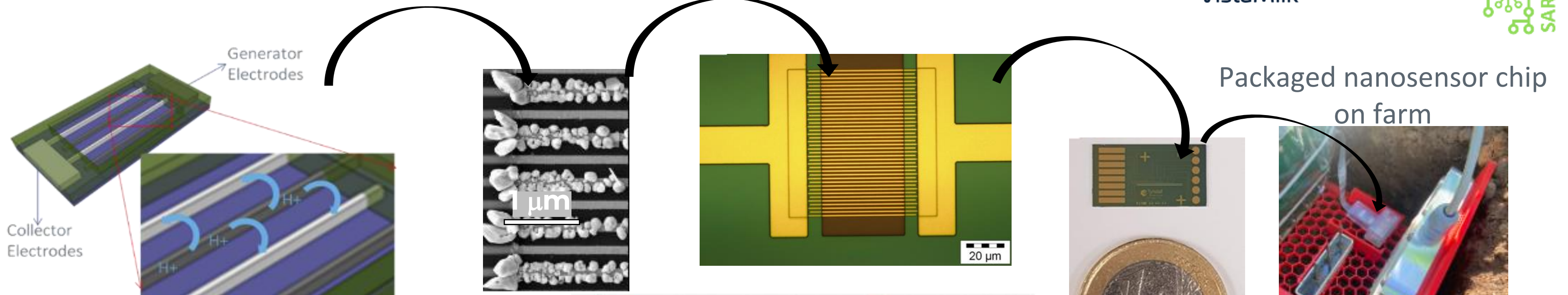
Multiplexed Biosensor (pH, Glucose, Lactate)

Sample	Sample ID	pH	Glucose Concentration (μM)	Lactate Concentration (μM)
Calf-1	1887	8.0	120 ± 6	583 ± 10
Calf-2	1889	8.1	110 ± 6	613 ± 8
Calf-3	1893	7.8	105 ± 5	643 ± 9
Calf-4	1910	7.9	300 ± 9	680 ± 10
Calf-5	1900	7.7	272 ± 9	709 ± 9
Calf-13	2218	8.3	16.5 ± 0.12	952 ± 8
Calf-14	2202	8.4	6.1 ± 0.07	1004 ± 10

Healthy saliva pH range	7.7 - 8.2
Healthy saliva glucose range	110 - 1350 $\mu\text{mol/L}$
Healthy saliva lactate range	110 - 780 $\mu\text{mol/L}$

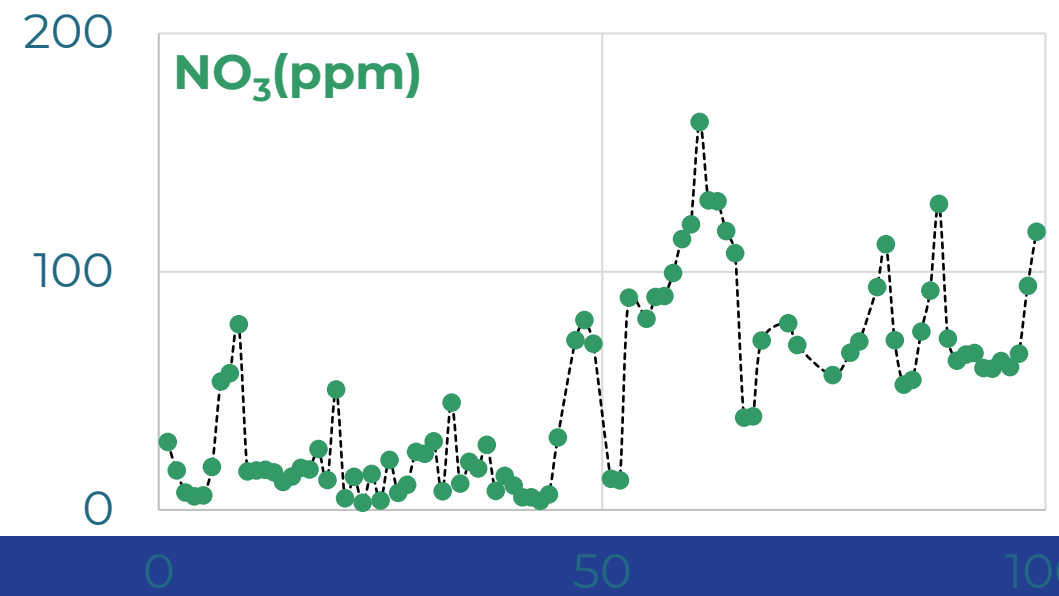
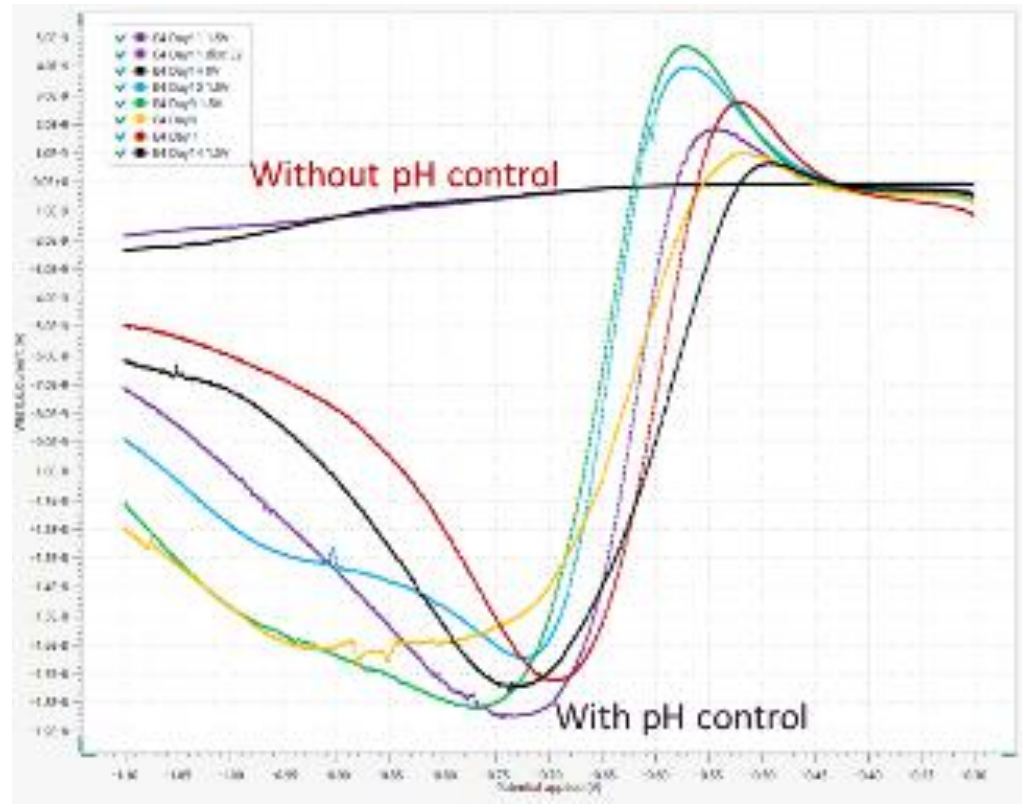


Precision Electrochemical Nanosensors

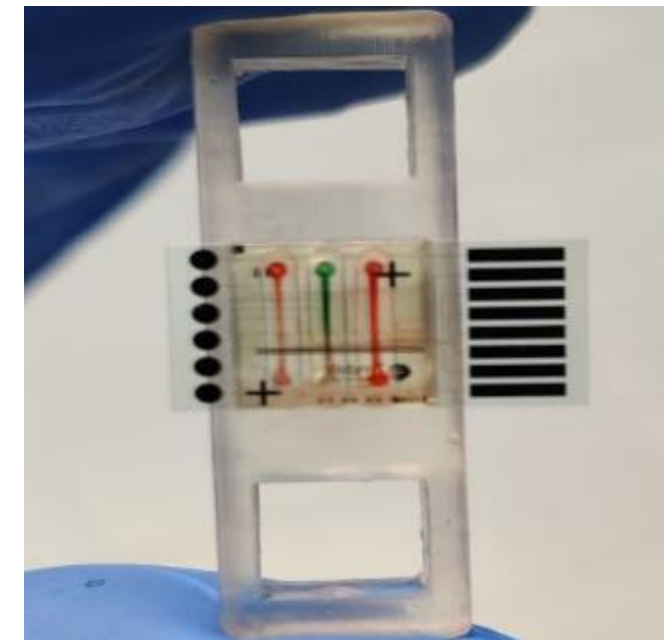
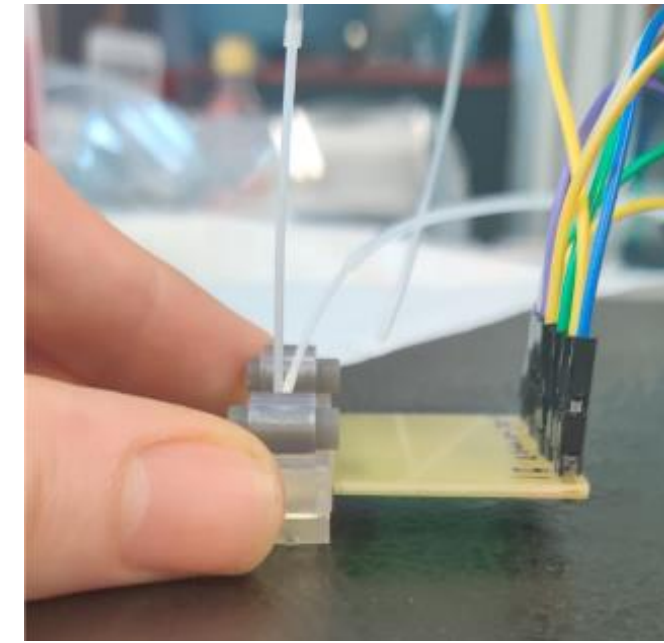
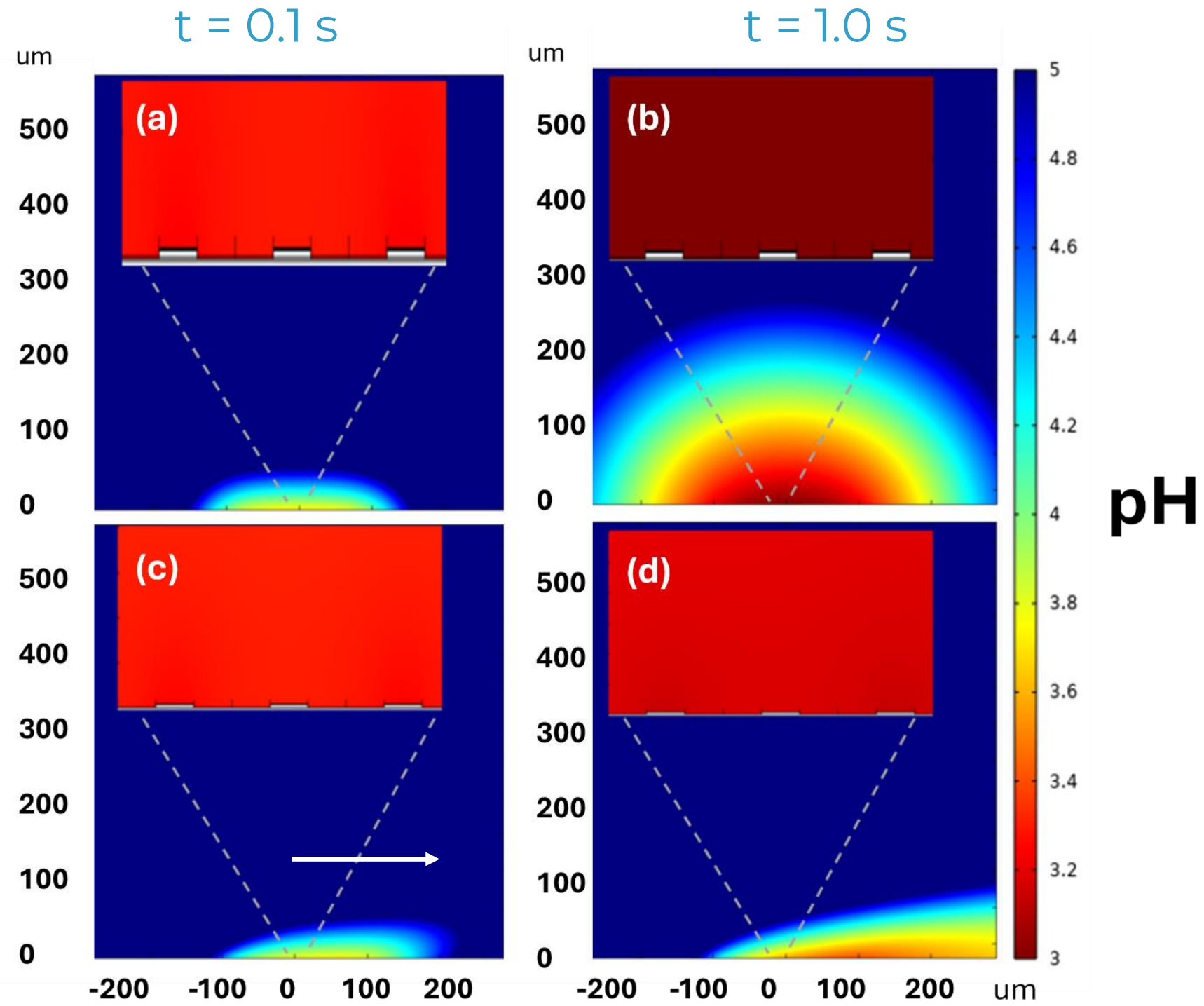


Packaged nanosensor chip on farm

Enabling Real-time Decision Making:
 Developed new sensor materials and in-situ pH control which enable selective detection of nitrates (NO_3), pH and dissolved oxygen in soil.
 PCT Granted: [WO2024261348A1](https://patents.google.com/patent/WO2024261348A1)

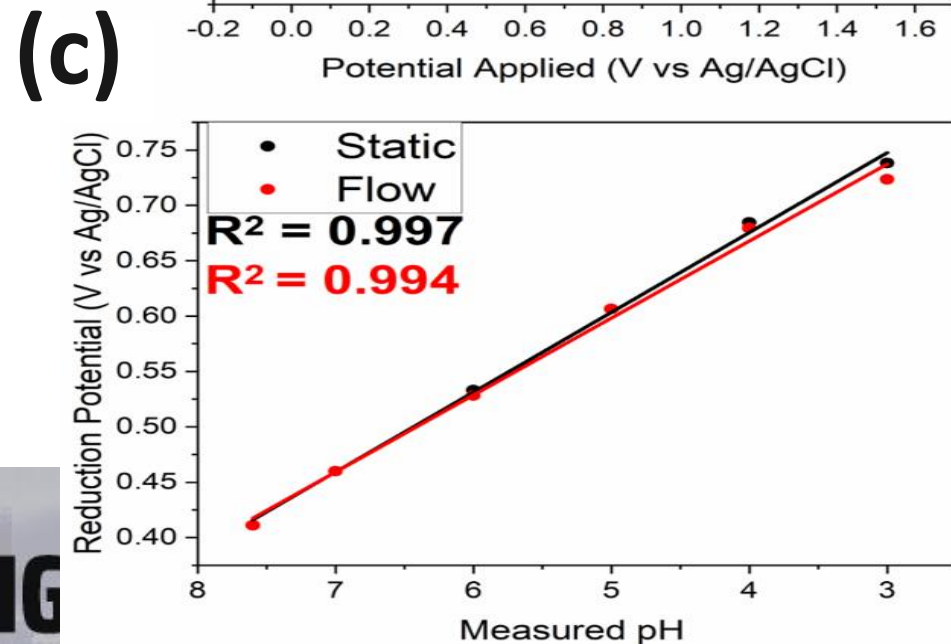
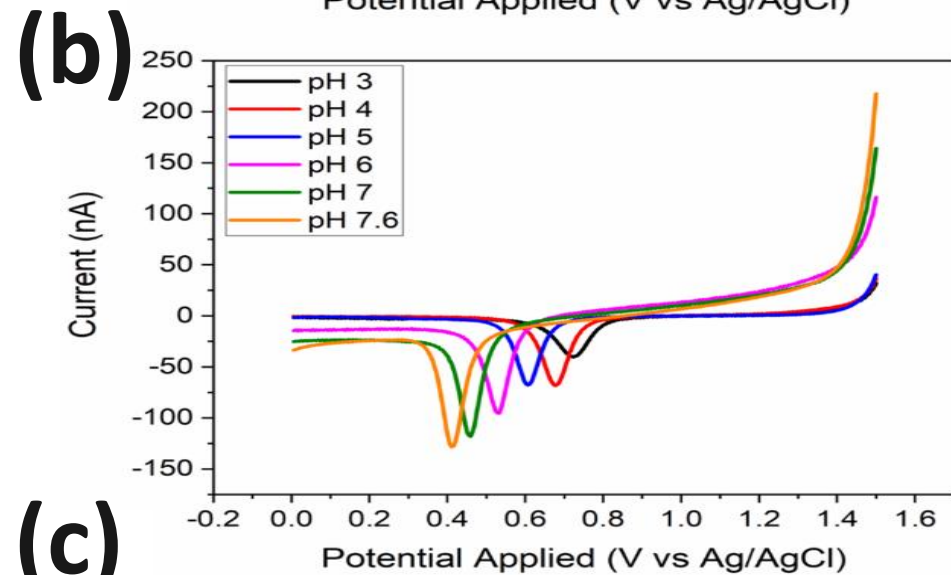
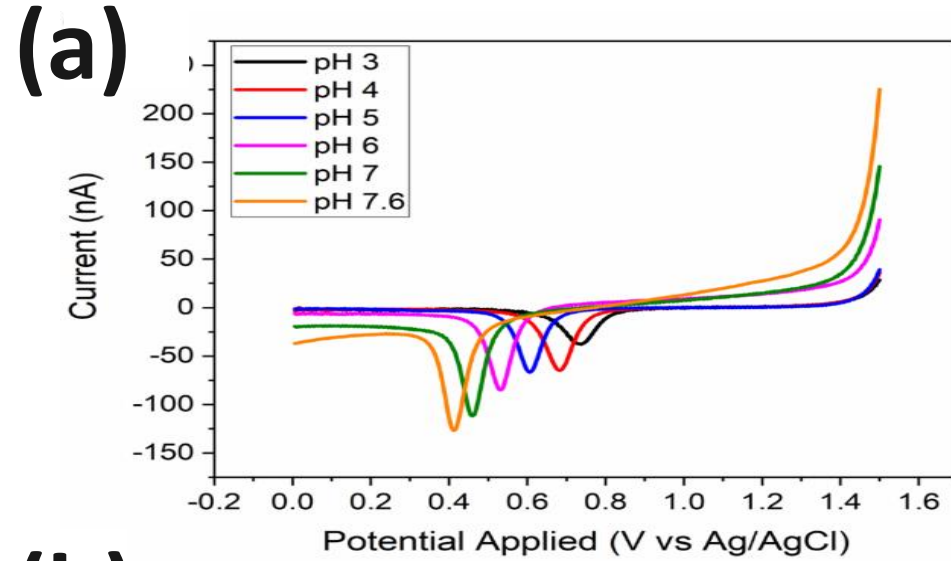


Finite Element Simulations - Hydrodynamic

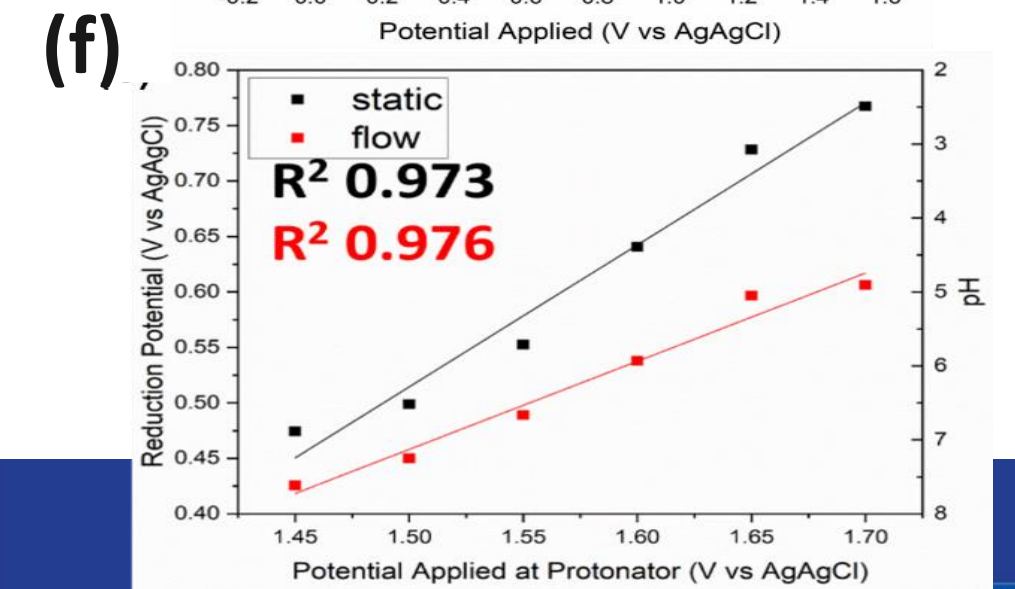
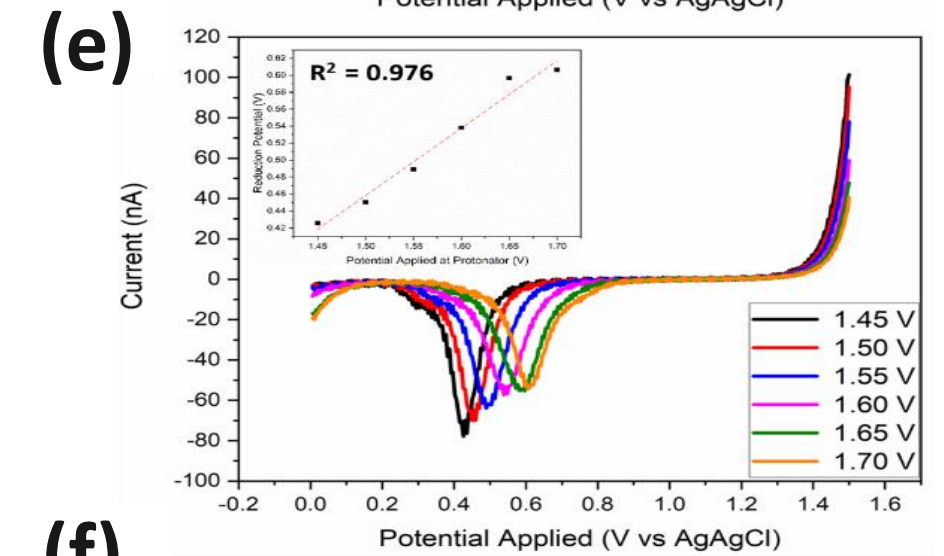
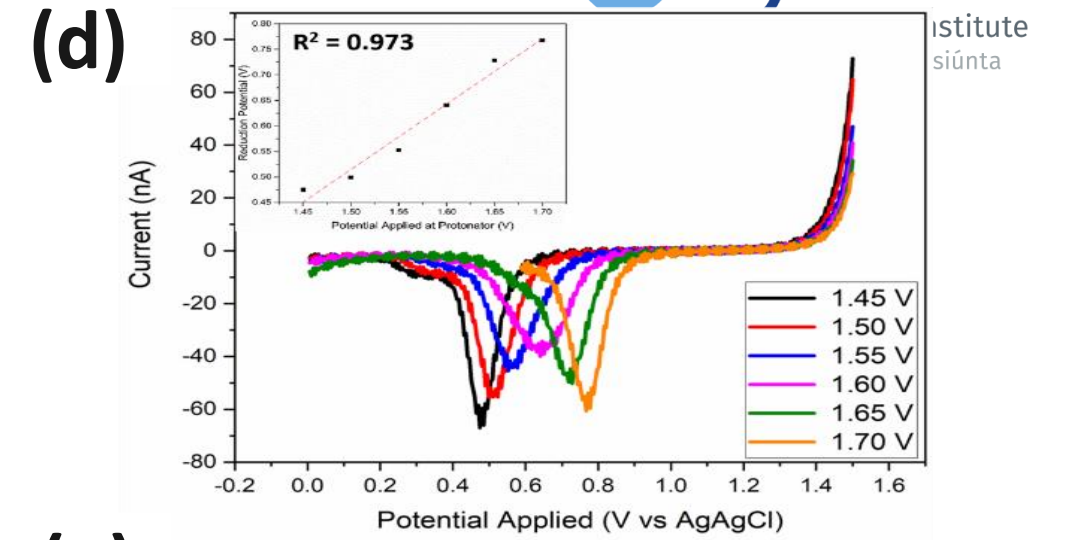


Gold oxide Static & Flow

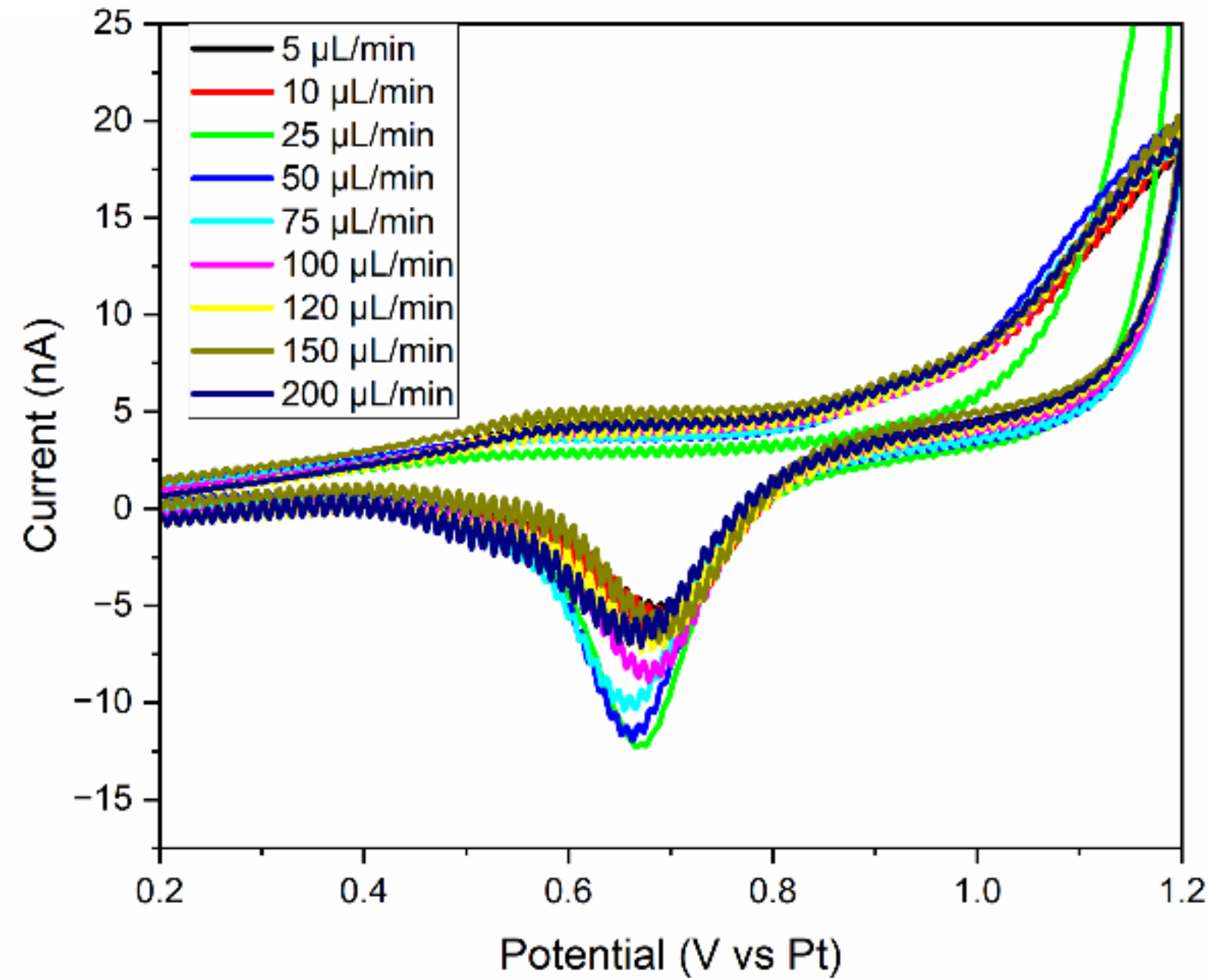
Chemically



Electrochemically

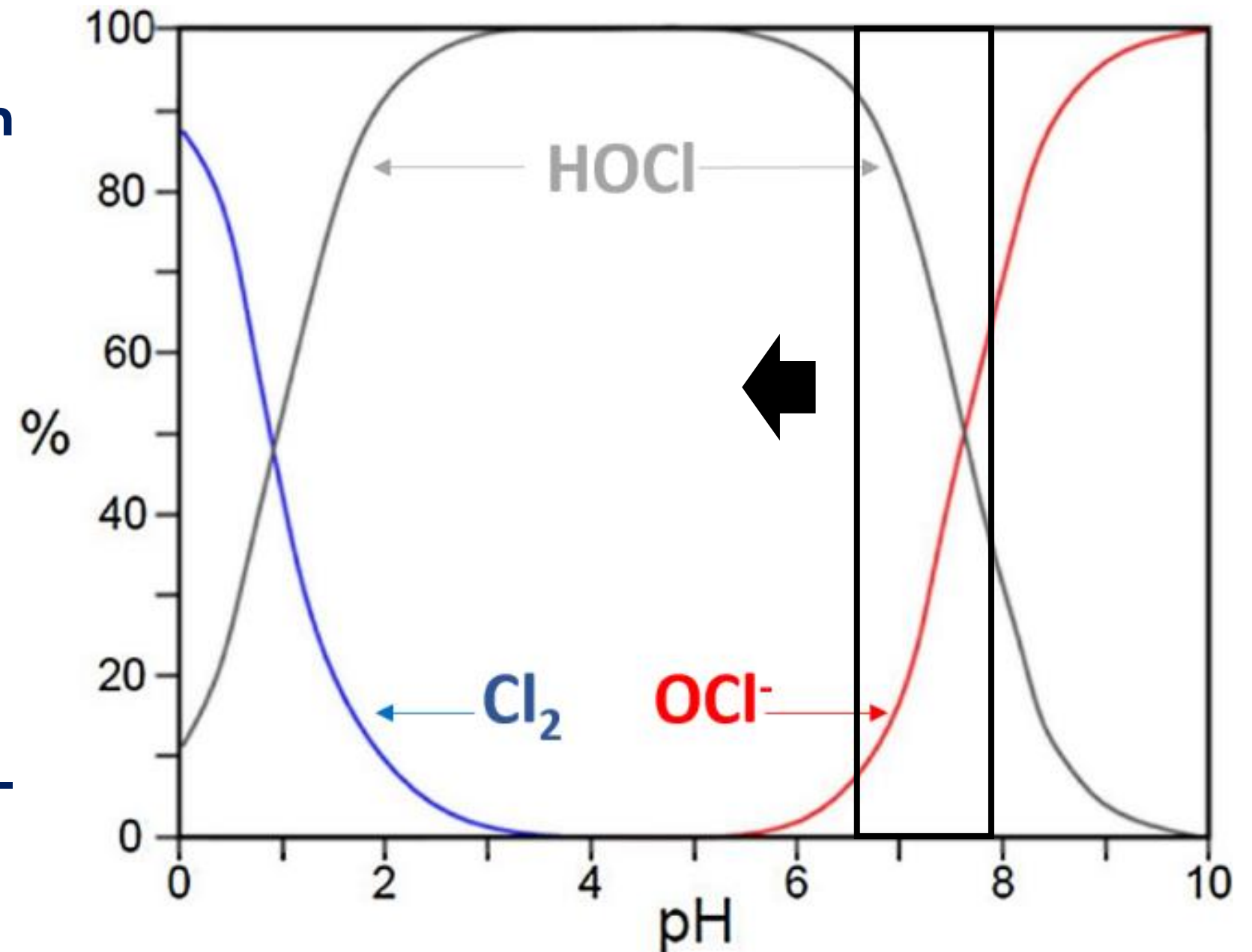


Gold oxide Static & Flow



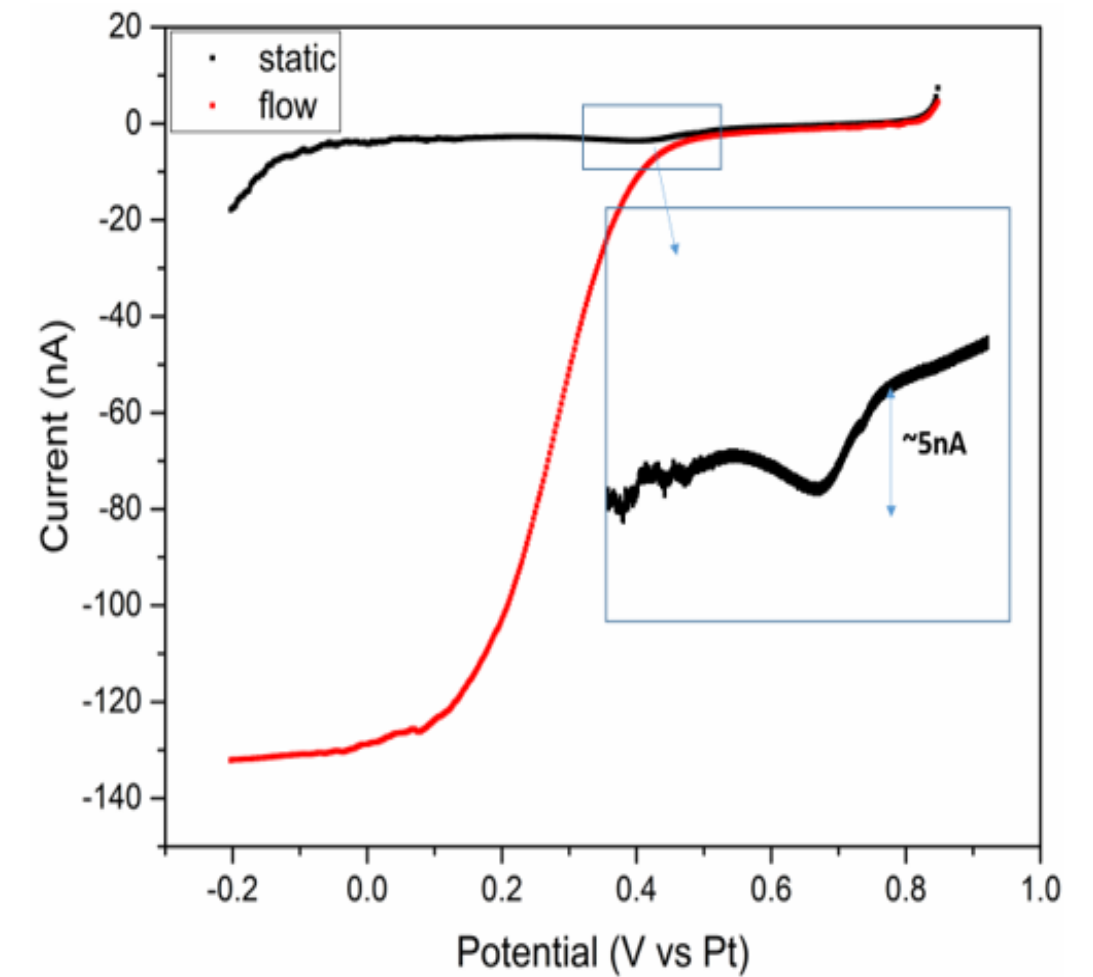
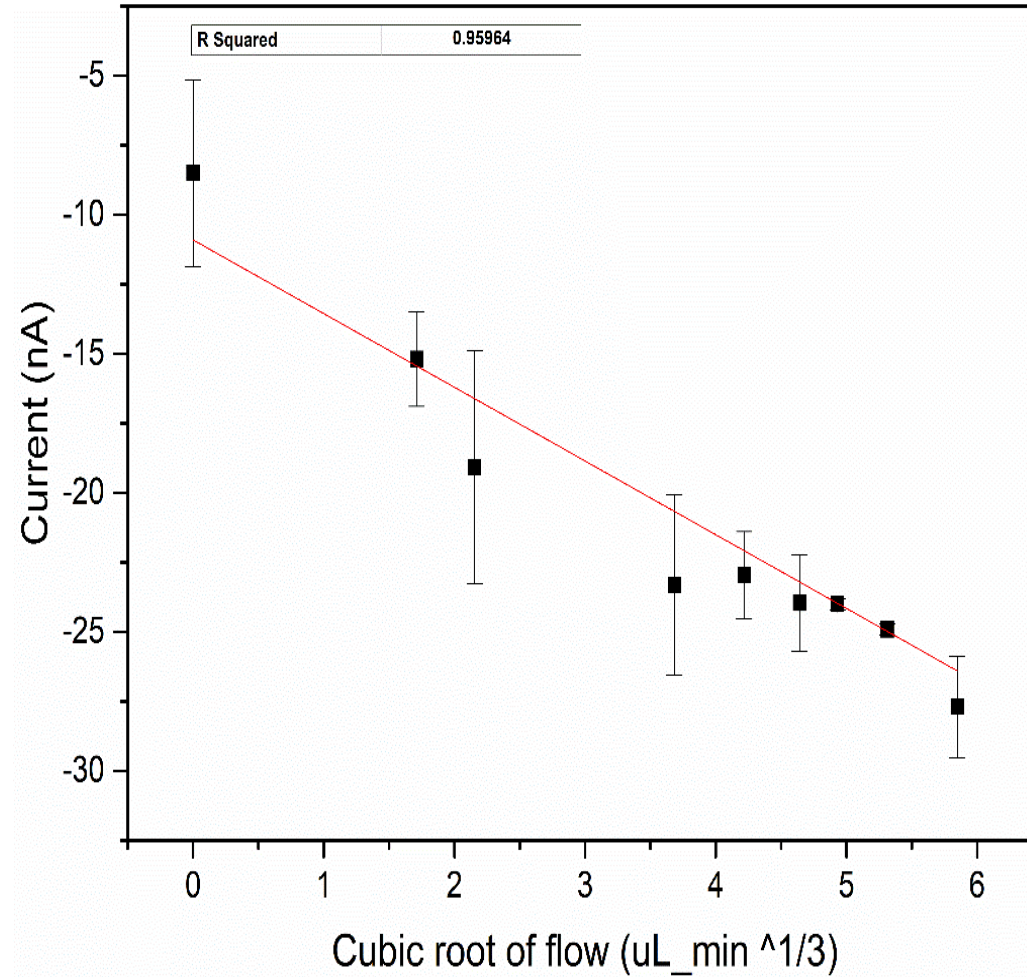
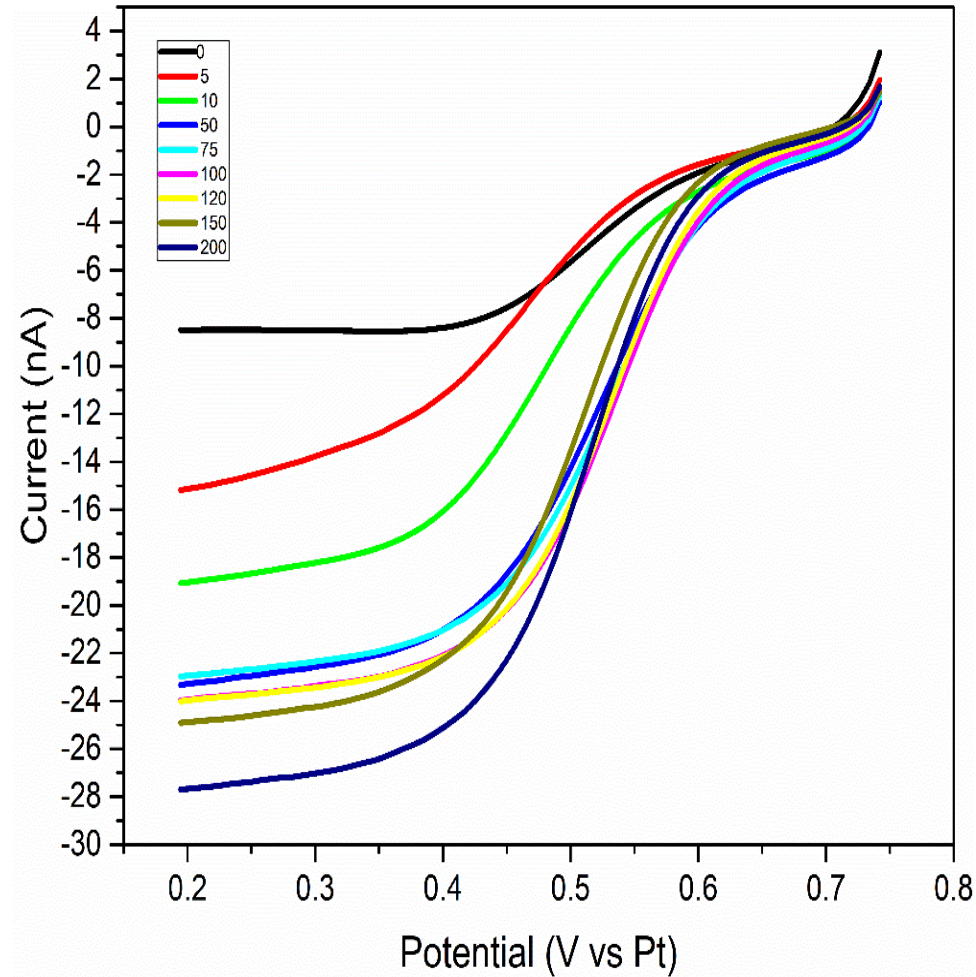
Chlorine Sensing

- Chlorine used to sterilise water
- Insufficient chlorine – Biological species in water
- Excess chlorine – toxicity/death
- Typical method – colorimetry
- Electrochemical pH control method – Hypochlorous Acid (HOCl)
- Ideal sensor would operate under flow (in-line)



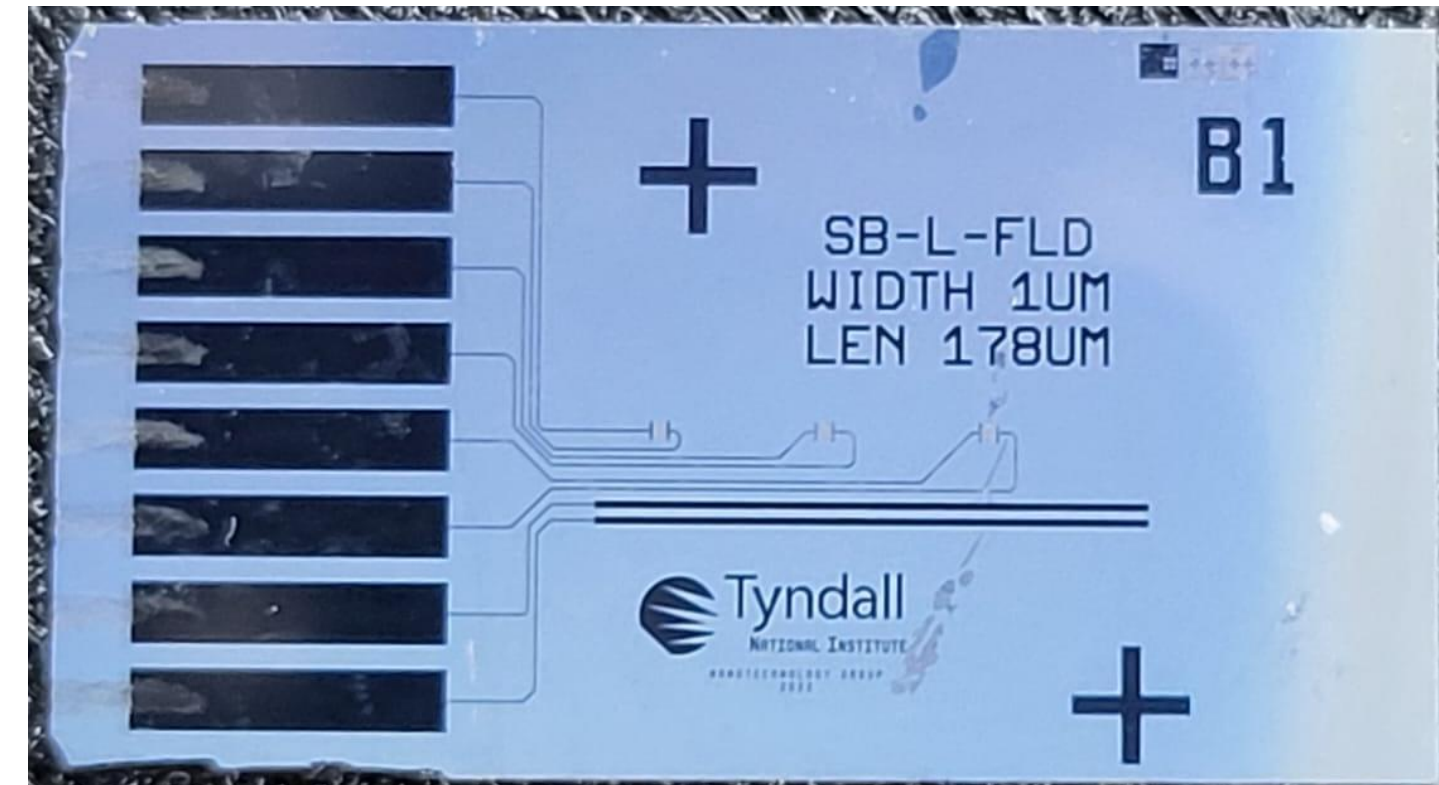
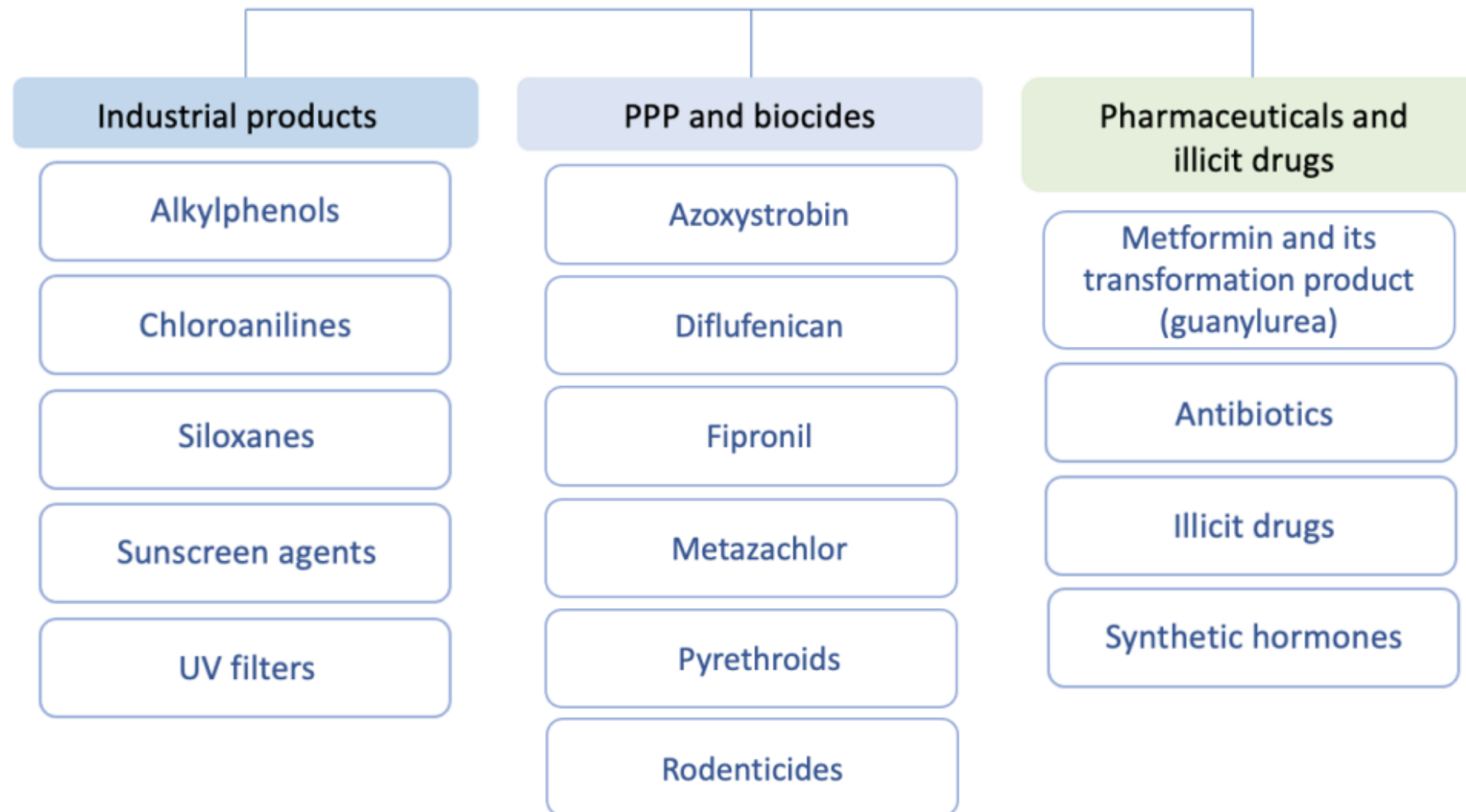
Detection of Chlorine under flow

5.3 ppm Chlorine in water sample



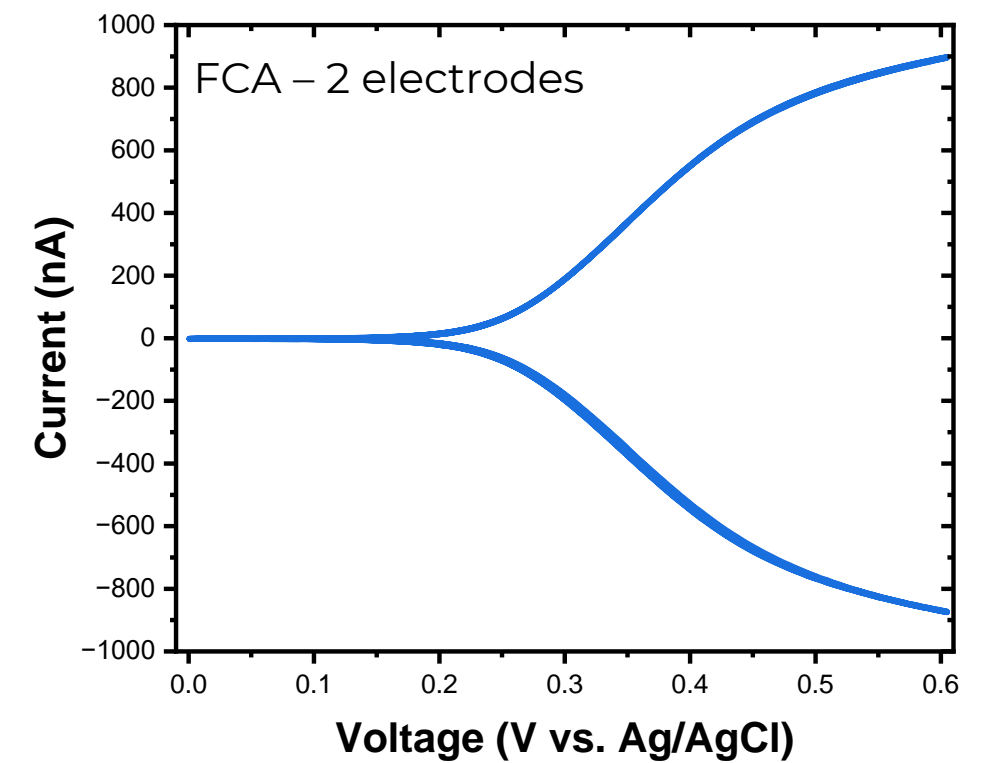
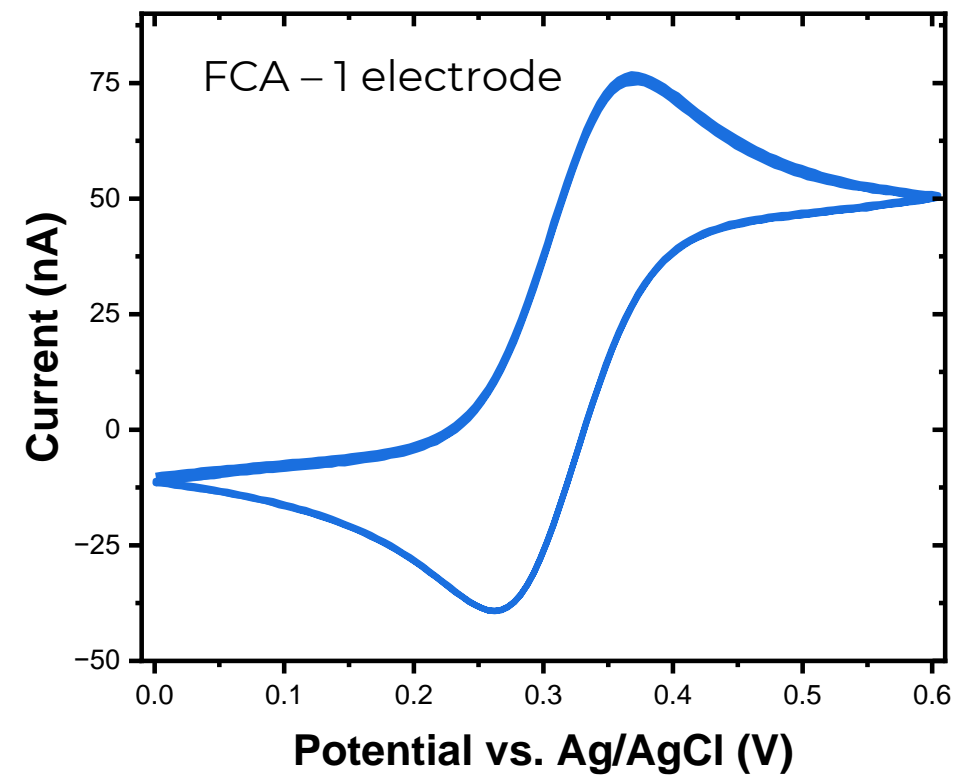
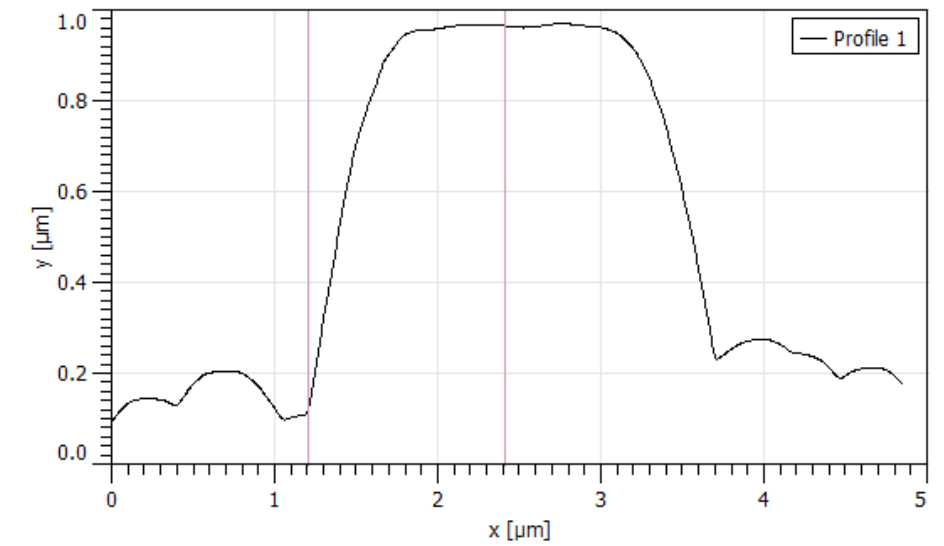
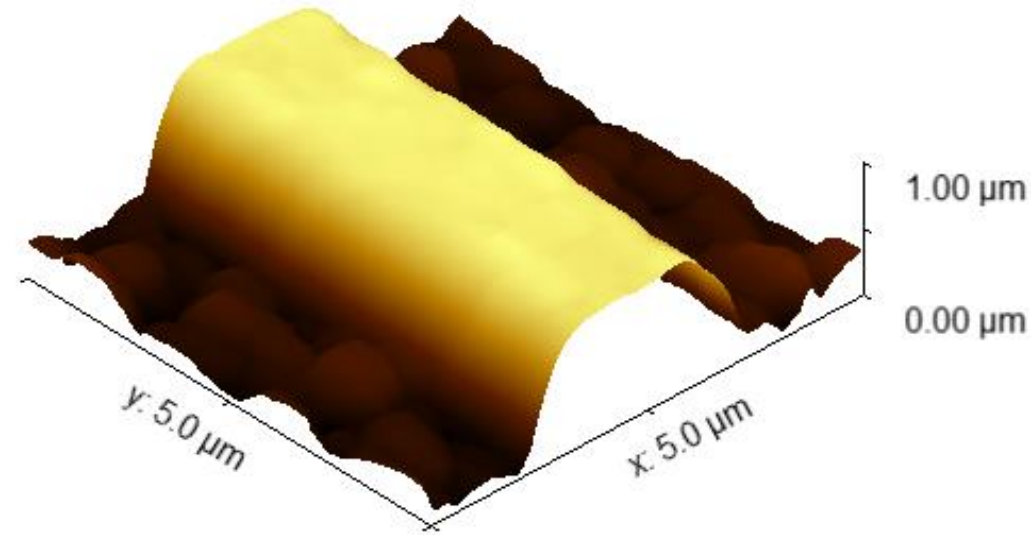
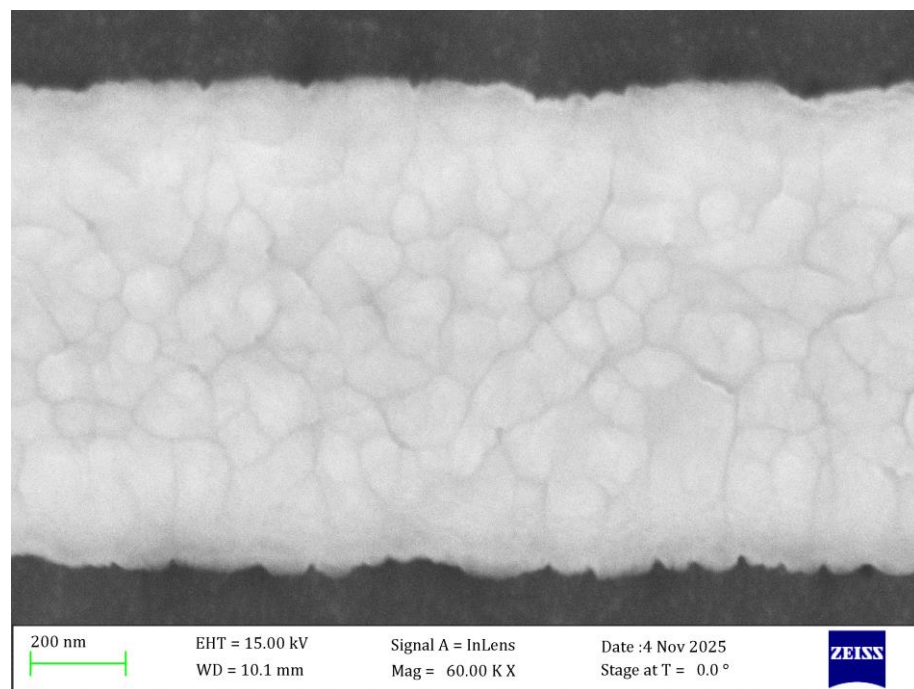
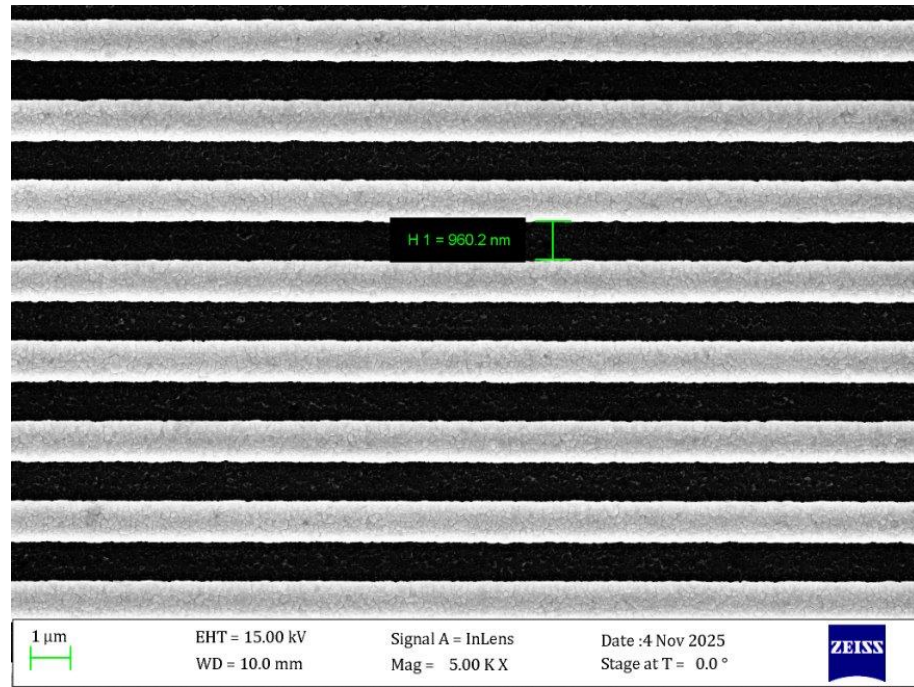
4th Water Framework Directive – chemical watchlist

4th WL proposed substances



Limits of detection required are low to sub ng/L

BDD Ultra-Micro IDE



Detection of Granisetron

Wide Potential Window: widest of any material

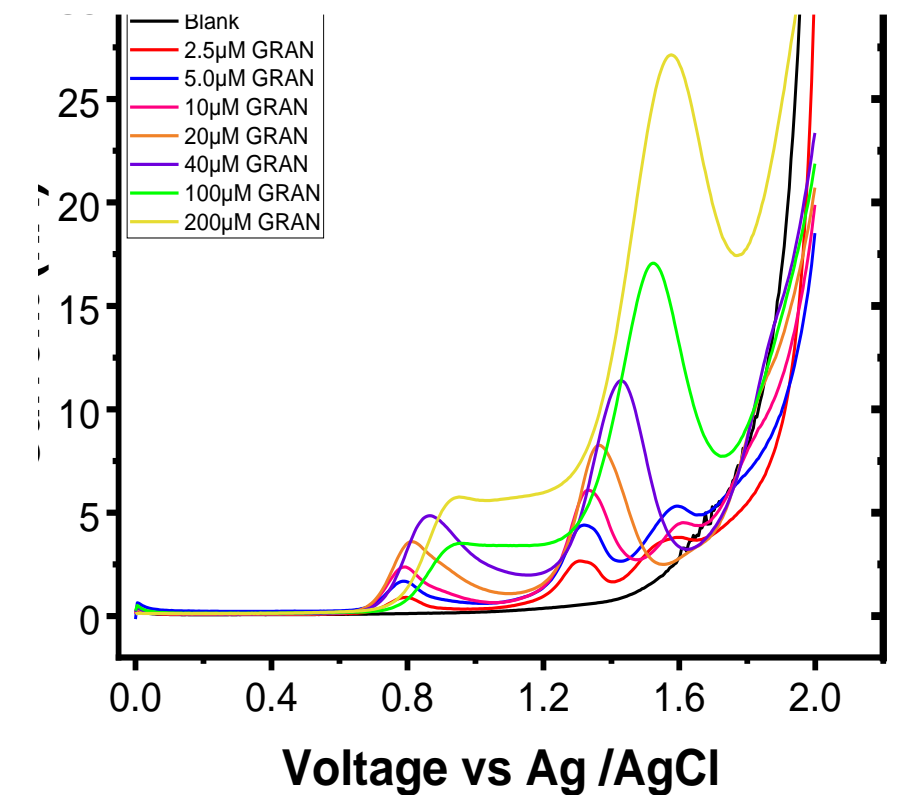
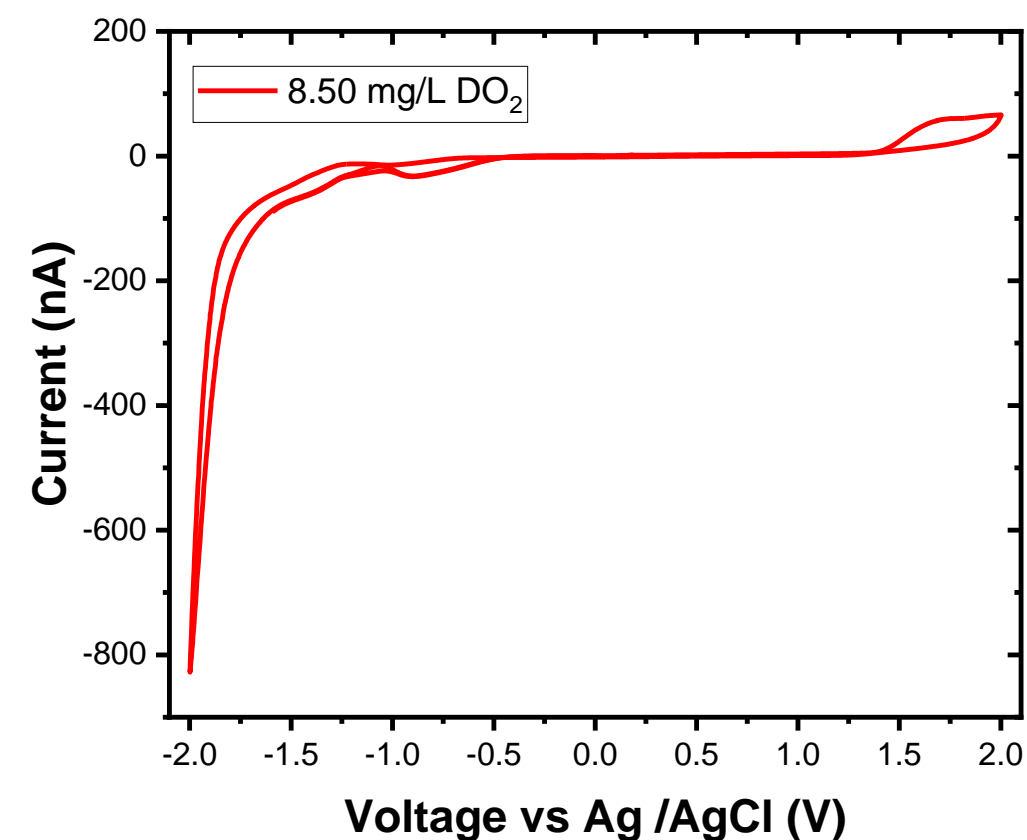
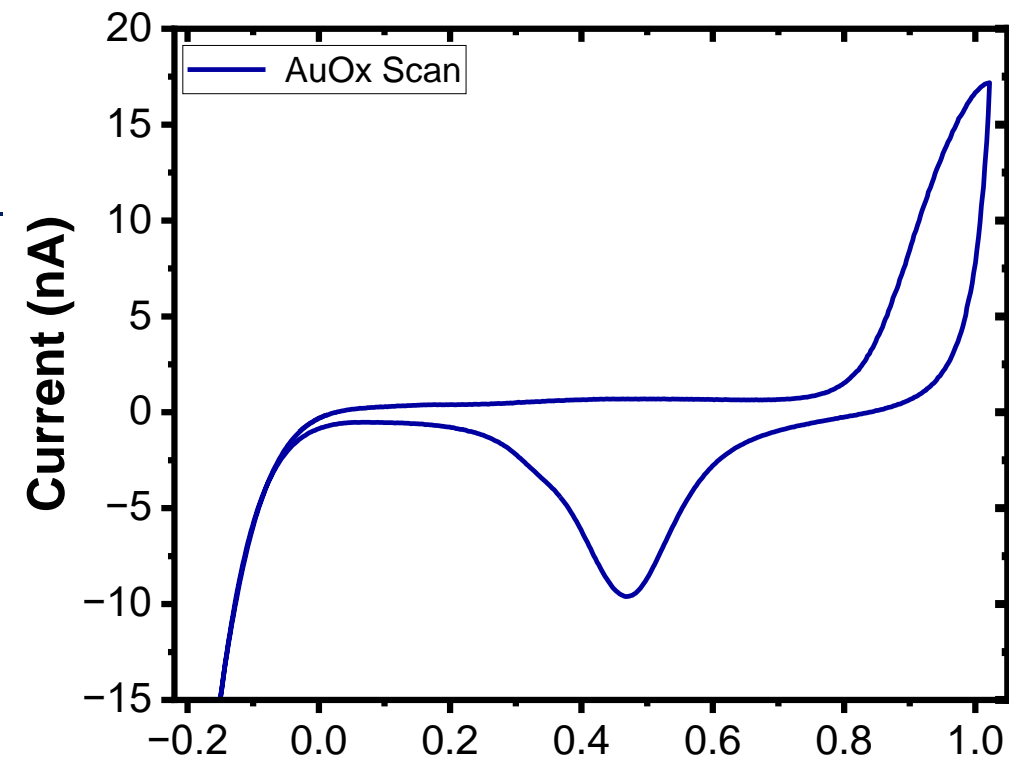
Low Background/Capacitive Current: high signal-to-noise ratios and exceptional sensitivity

Exceptional Stability and Durability: High corrosion resistance

Reduced Fouling: Inert, sp^3 surface

Surface Tunability: modified via surface termination (cathodic/H-terminated or anodic/O-terminated) to suit specific applications.

Biocompatibility: Suitable for use in medical and biological sensor applications



Conclusion & Acknowledgements

- Silicon chip-based chemical and biochemical sensors are being developed that can provide input into digital support systems.
- Significant commercial opportunities exist for new and disruptive technologies in the Agri-Food / Environmental sector
- In-situ pH control is opening the door to otherwise difficult to measure problem statements
- PEN group: Students, Post Docs and Staff
- Ridwan Adib, Shane O'Sullivan, Sana Muzaffar Richard Murray, Han Shao, Tarun Narayan, Kathleen Kennedy, Ian Seymour



2nd EUJAPAN DIGITAL WEEK 2026

23 March - 30 March 2026 | Tokyo, Japan

The EU-Japan Digital Week is organised as part of the EU-Japan Digital Partnership



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



The EU-Japan Digital Week is an initiative under the EU-Japan Digital Partnership and is supported by the following projects and organisations



BioSensei: Cell Based Sensors Project

Underlying Sensing Principle

